SALT LAKE CITY COUNCIL STAFF REPORT

DATE: December 2, 2005

SUBJECT: Proposed Transit Corridor zoning, rezoning properties along 400 South

and amending the Central Community Master Plan

(Petition Nos. 400-01-12 and 400-01-48)

AFFECTED COUNCIL DISTRICTS: If the ordinance is adopted the Transit Corridor zoning districts,

rezoning and master plan amendment will affect Council District 4

STAFF REPORT BY: Janice Jardine, Land Use Policy Analyst

ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT. Community Development Department, Planning Division

AND CONTACT PERSON: Cheri Coffey, Deputy Planning Director

POTENTIAL MOTIONS:

1. ["I move that the Council"] Close the public hearing and adopt an ordinance:

- a. Creating a new Transit Corridor zoning district, TC-75.
- b. Amending the Central Community Master Plan.
- c. Rezoning properties along 400 South from 200 East to approximately 925 East
 - Excluding properties on the north side of 400 South from 800 to 900 East
 - Or, excluding properties on the north side of 400 South from 700 to 900 East

(Subsequent to the Work Session, one Council Members requested that a motion option be prepared to exclude the north side of 400 South from 700 East to 900 East (rather than 800 East to 900 East). Both options are listed.)

I further move that the Council refer action regarding rezoning properties on the north side of 400 South from 800 to 900 East to Tuesday, December 13, 2005 and schedule an additional follow-up discussion for Thursday, December 8, 2005.

2. ["I move that the Council"] Not adopt an ordinance creating new Transit Corridor zoning, rezoning properties along 400 South from 200 East to approximately 925 East, and amending the Central Community Master Plan.

WORK SESSION SUMMARY AND NEW INFORMATION:

New Information

- A. On December 1, 2005, the Council subcommittee met with Planning staff to further refine the proposed transit corridor zoning regulations. The subcommittee is recommending the following:
 - 1. Buildings with non-residential uses may be built to the maximum building height with a requirement to provide a residential component either on-site or transferred to another site within the Transit Corridor zoning along 400 South. For every floor of non-residential development 1 floor of residential development would be required to be built on or off-site.
 - 2. Include university-related or research types of uses
 - 3. Apply the Transit Corridor TC-75 zoning classification to properties along the 400 South corridor except for the north side of 400 South between 800 and 900 East.

4. Exclude application of the Transit Corridor TC-50 zoning classification to properties along the north side of 400 South between 800 and 900 East to allow an opportunity to address in greater detail issues relating height impacts on the existing low-density residential properties to the north.

Other Information

At the Subcommittee meeting on December 1, 2005 the Members briefly discussed the trend to move away from the Conditional Use approach toward the new Conditional Building and Site Design Review process. This process provides a narrower scope of review criteria for the Planning Director and the Planning Commission and is intended to be less time consuming than the conditional use process. The focus is on the design of the site, not the use. This process is included in the revised ordinance.

Work Session Summary

- A. On November 17, 2005, the Council received a briefing from the Administration regarding revisions to the proposed Transit Corridor zoning. Discussion items included:
 - 1. The appropriate height of structures and the variety of land uses needed to encourage a successful Transit Corridor.
 - 2. Whether the proposal would compete with the Central Business District CBD for office space.
 - 3. The limited amount of land available for development in the corridor.
 - 4. How to ensure residential development is built in a timely manner.
 - 5. Options to ensure shadowing and other potential negative impacts on low-density residential developments to the north are addressed.
- B. Planning staff provided clarification on the proposed alternative ordinances prepared in response to previous discussions with the full Council and the Council subcommittee.
- C. The Council decided to move the item to the public hearing. The Council subcommittee (Council Members Christensen, Jergensen and Saxton) would work with staff to further refine the proposed zoning and present their option to the full Council for their deliberation.

The following information was provided previously for the Council Work Session on November 17, 2005. It is provided again for your reference.

WORK SESSION SUMMARY AND NEW INFORMATION:

Work Session Summary

On September 6, 2005, the Council received a briefing from the Administration regarding revisions to the proposed Transit Corridor zoning. Key discussion items included:

- A. Provide for expanded opportunities and options for non-residential uses (rather than the 30 ft. building height limit) that would provide maximum flexibility for a broad range mix of uses such as:
 - 1. Side by side development of non-residential/residential vertical as well as horizontal.
 - 2. A split in the percentage of development on a block non-residential/residential (40/60 split).
 - 3. A linear measurement for the split between non-residential/residential developments on a block.
 - 4. Accommodating research/laboratory type facilities.
- B. Building height and the 10 ft. rear yard buffer requirement and ways to maximize buffering of residential neighborhoods and address pedestrian scale/shadowing of abutting properties. For example, requiring building elevation to be "stepped back" as the building height increases in order to mitigate potential negative impacts on surrounding lower-density neighborhoods.

- C. Establish a minimum sidewalk width or options to maximize a pedestrian-friendly corridor. Planning Staff committed to work with the Attorney's office to discuss the issue of requiring public sidewalk on private property or exacting private property to expand the sidewalk. (Please see Matters at Issue, item B, pg. 4 for more information.)
 - Planning staff provided to Council staff the following information regarding a conversation between Planning staff and Lynn Pace in the City Attorney's office.
 - The City can widen the sidewalk to the property line and it can individually approach property owners and buy extra property to widen the sidewalk.
 - The City generally cannot exact extra property from individual owners unless there is a relationship to the development and the exaction is proportional. For example: if it can be proved that a large apartment building creates impacts that require increasing the size of the sidewalk, an exaction from that property can be negotiated, however it is for that property only, not adjacent properties (the exaction cannot be to accommodate impacts of the property next door), and the exaction must be proportional; i.e. the City cannot demand the same exaction for a single family home as it does for a 100 unit apartment building because the impacts are not the same.
 - Requiring extra sidewalk as part of the zoning was problematic for these reasons.
 - The City may choose to place the policy of widening the sidewalk in the master plan (i.e. Central Community, Transportation Master Plan or Major Street Plan), which sets up the general policy. This establishes the general intent to widen the sidewalk and then the City may reserve right-of-way and/or negotiate for wider sidewalks based on the policy as each property comes up for site plan review.
 - Planning staff has noted that the proposed TC zoning does require a 15-foot setback for new buildings, which assists in maintaining room for extra sidewalk.
 - Council staff has noted that the proposed TC zoning allows the Planning Director in consultation with the Transportation Director the option to modify this requirement if the adjacent public sidewalk is substandard and the resulting modification to the setback results in a more efficient public sidewalk.
- D. Evaluate allowing gas stations to accommodate convenient services in the area. (no consensus)
- E. Council subcommittee (Council Members Christensen, Jergensen and Saxton) work with staff to develop options to address issues relating to mix of uses and height. Include consideration of future applications of the proposed zoning to other areas of the City i.e. North Temple.
- F. Schedule future Council discussion prior to scheduling a public hearing (return sooner rather than later).

New Information

- B. On October 13, 2005, the Council subcommittee met to discuss with Planning staff issues raised by the Council.
 - 1. Items identified by subcommittee members to be included in the proposed zoning included:
 - a. Allow the same building height for stand-alone buildings with non-residential uses.
 - b. Allow an option to provide the required residential component in stand-alone buildings within the block or corridor.
 - c. Require building elevation to be "stepped back" as the building height increases when a building abuts residentially zoned properties.
 - d. Apply the Transit Corridor TC-75 zoning classification to properties along the 400 South corridor except for the north side of 400 South between 800 and 900 East.
 - e. Apply the Transit Corridor TC-50 zoning classification to properties along the north side of 400 South between 800 and 900 East.
 - f. Proposed changes should be made available for public review.

- 2. Council staff was assigned to work with the City Attorney's office to address establishing a minimum sidewalk width or options to maximize a pedestrian-friendly corridor. Planning staff noted that it may be appropriate to address this issue through amendments to adopted master plans or an ordinance applied on a citywide basis.
- C. The Administration has provided the Planning Commission recommended ordinance and 2 alternative new ordinances in response to discussions with the full Council and the Council subcommittee. (Please see attached ordinances for details **Alternative A = Residential Emphasis**, **Alternative B = Office Emphasis** and the Planning Commission recommended ordinance.) Key elements are summarized below.
 - 1. **Alternative A Residential Emphasis and Alternative B Office Emphasis** both include the following provisions:
 - a. Buildings with non-residential uses may be built to the maximum building height with a requirement to provide a residential component either on-site or transferred to another site within the Transit Corridor zoning along 400 South.
 - o TC-50 = maximum of 50 feet or 75 feet through conditional use
 - o TC-75 = maximum of 75 feet or 125 feet through conditional use
 - b. A maximum building height of 30 feet is specified for non-residential structures in either the TC-50 or TC-75.
 - c. If the residential component is proposed for another site, the applicant will be required to:
 - o Identify the location for the residential component.
 - o Enter into a development agreement with the City to ensure construction of the residential structure in a timely manner.
 - Either begin construction of the residential development (progressing beyond the footings and foundation stage) prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy for the nonresidential building or provide a financial assurance to ensure the residential development will occur.
 - o The financial assurance shall be in an amount equal to 50% of the construction valuation for the residential development as determined by the Building Official
 - Funds from the financial assurance will be deposited into the City's Housing Trust
 Fund in the event that construction of the residential development has not commenced within 2 years of the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy for the non-residential component of the development.

2. Alternatives A and B differ in the following ways:

a. Alternative A – Residential Emphasis – requires a 2 to 1 ratio of residential to non-residential uses. For every floor of non-residential development above the first 30 feet in either the TC-50 or TC-75 zoning district, 2 floors of residential development would be required to be built on or off site. The first two levels of non-residential development are not counted toward the residential component requirement.

The Administration notes that this option:

- Most closely reflects the current City policy to increase 24-hour activity along the corridor, emphasize residential development and focus higher intensity commercial development in the Central business district and the Gateway area.
- Allows for more office and slightly less residential use than the Planning Commission recommendation.
- Reflects the Subcommittee's need to capitalize on the potential for capturing the University's research-related businesses.
- o The 2-1 formula might be a deterrent to achieving that goal.

- **b. Alternative B office emphasis** requires a 1 to 1 ratio of residential to non-residential uses. For every floor of non-residential development in either the TC-50 or TC-75 zoning district, 1 floor of residential development would be required to be built on or off-site.
 - The Administration notes that this option:
 - o May be easier to administer and easier to attain by the development community.
 - Is consistent with the Subcommittee's goal of capitalizing on the University's researchrelated businesses.
 - Does not emphasize residential over non-residential.
 - o Office uses provide daytime land use, economic activity and shoppers.
 - Non-residential land uses may be more able to carry the land costs and induce redevelopment due to the high land values along 400 South.

3. Planning Commission recommendation:

- a. Allows a maximum building height of
 - o 50 feet in the TC-50 District
 - 75 feet in the TC-75 District with the option increase height to 125 feet through the conditional use process.
 - o 30 feet for non-residential structures or the non-residential portion of a mixed use structure.
- b. The Transit Corridor zoning districts would be applied to properties currently zoned Commercial Corridor along the 400 South corridor:
 - o TC-75 from 200 East to 700 East.
 - o TC-50 from 700 East to approximately 925 East.
- c. Properties zoned Community Shopping between 600 and 700 East are addressed in another petition.

Matters at Issue

- A. The Administration notes that both additional options (Alternative A- Residential Emphasis and B Office Emphasis) vary somewhat from existing adopted policies in that they would allow more non-residential development away from the core Downtown. The Administration recommends that if either alternative is adopted, some modifications of existing policies would be appropriate to ensure that both policy and practice are consistent. Council Members may wish to request that the Administration provide options to address this issue and provide information for Council consideration in the near future. Council staff has requested more specific information on this comment.
- B. As previously noted, the Council subcommittee meeting, Council staff was assigned to work with the City Attorney's office to address establishing a minimum sidewalk width or options to maximize a pedestrian-friendly corridor. Planning staff noted that it may be appropriate to address this issue through amendments to adopted master plans or an ordinance applied on a citywide basis. Council Members may wish to consider dealing with this as a separate item in the near future. This would allow the opportunity to explore options used in other cities and address this issue on a citywide basis.

The following information was provided previously for the Council Work Session on September 6, 2005. It is provided again for your reference.

MATTERS AT ISSUE /POTENTIAL QUESTIONS FOR THE ADMINISTRATION:

The Administration's transmittal includes a memorandum from Louis Zunguze, Community Development Director regarding university-related or research types of uses currently allowed in the Research Park zoning district. Planning staff has evaluated both zoning classifications and determined that certain

laboratories and research facilities would be compatible with the proposed Transit Corridor zoning. A new Table of Permitted and Conditional Uses has been prepared that would incorporate dental laboratories and commercial, educational, dental, medical, and scientific research facilities should the Council choose to include these uses in the Transit Corridor districts. (Please see Mr. Zunguze's memo for details.)

Given the recent Zoning Ordinance changes adopted by the Council redefining department stores and the proposal currently being considered to allow these types of uses in other commercial zoning districts, the Council may wish to discuss with the Administration whether it might be appropriate to include in the Transit Corridor districts certain subcategories of department stores or retail goods establishments.

KEY ELEMENTS:

(Please see pg. 5, Background, for a summary of previous Council discussions and issues relating to the proposed Transit Corridor zoning.)

- A. The Administration's transmittal notes "The final recommendation from the Planning Commission to the City Council differs from the draft reviewed by consultant Frank Gray (and Marilee Utter) in two ways: 1) the height allowed through the conditional use process in the TC-75 zoning district has been increased from 120 to 125 feet in order to make the TC-75 consistent with the adjacent RMU zoning in terms of height; and 2) the requirement for glass at the ground level has been modified to exclude residential buildings. An updated ordinance is attached reflecting the changes and the inclusion of the conditional building and site design review process as outlined in the 'Walkable Communities' ordinance. Adopting this ordinance will provide a foundation for the full utilization of transit related public investment and will provide residential opportunities to stabilize and enhance adjacent neighborhoods."
- B. The Administration's transmittal provides a detailed discussion of the rationale for keeping the proposed Transit Corridor zoning classifications basically the same as originally recommended by the Planning Commission. Key points are summarized below.
 - 1. The transit corridor zoning classifications, TC-50 and TC-75, are proposed to be mapped along the 400 South corridor only in areas that are presently zoned Commercial Corridor CC. (Please see the attached map for details.)
 - 2. The current proposal is for the 400 South corridor only, because other zoning districts where transit presently exists (Downtown and Gateway districts) already allow higher density uses and contain design criteria that encourage pedestrian-friendly development.
 - 3. The Transit Corridor TC-50 zone is proposed to be adjacent to zoning districts that vary in height from 30 to 75 feet. Height in the TC-50 zone will be a maximum of 50 feet for mixed commercial/business and residential uses and 30 feet for non-residential uses.
 - 4. The Transit Corridor TC-75 zone is proposed to be adjacent to the Residential Mixed Use R-MU zoning district that has a height limit of 75-feet and an option to increase height to 125-feet through the conditional use process. To maintain consistency, the heights of the TC-75 and RMU zones should be the same.
 - 5. The neighborhood has expressed concern regarding shadows along the northern side of 400 South and the adjacency of 4-story buildings next to single family homes. The existing Commercial Corridor CC zoning currently allows buildings of 30 to 45 feet. Planning staff is of the view that a 4-story height along 400 South is not detrimental to the adjacent neighborhood; some locations, such as the Office Max site at 900 East and 400 South could conceivably handle significantly higher buildings.
 - 6. Planning staff considered additional height, as recommended by Mr. Gray (and Ms. Utter), but it was ultimately decided that the proposed original height represented a reasonable compromise between encouraging increased density and acknowledging neighborhood concerns.
 - 7. The City has consistently expressed a desire to accommodate an increase in population particularly in and around the Downtown area. The logical location for accommodating much of this population is along transportation corridors.

- 8. Future accommodation of density is not incompatible with the historic character, particularly along the 400 South corridor, where the proposed zoning will encourage highway commercial uses to be replaced by mixed-uses with a residential component.
- 9. The intent of the proposed zoning is to encourage new development on 400 South to emphasize the building's relationship with the pedestrian and transit modes of transportation. This is accomplished through:
 - a. Buildings being located near the front of the property.
 - b. A minimum percentage of glass (windows and doors) to be used in buildings at the street level.
 - c. Placing parking in side, rear or minimal front yard areas.
- C. Key elements of the proposed Transit Corridor zones are summarized below. (Please refer to the proposed ordinance for details.)
 - 1. The purpose of the Transit Corridor Districts is to provide an environment for efficient and attractive transit and pedestrian oriented commercial, residential and mixed use development along major transit corridors. The design guidelines are intended to create a pedestrian friendly environment and to emphasize that pedestrian and mass-transit access is the primary focus of development.
 - 2. The proposed changes apply to new construction, remodeling or a change of existing use that would increase the floor area or required parking by less than 50 percent. The minimum lot area required for a planned development will be eliminated. The proposed changes include criteria used in other zoning districts in order to maintain consistency in interpretation of the Zoning Ordinance. Specific design criteria include:
 - a. Main entrances of buildings to be oriented to the street.
 - b. A minimum percentage of glass to be used in buildings at the street level on the exterior front or face of a building. (Structures with ground level residential uses are exempt from this requirement.)
 - c. A 15 foot maximum length for any blank wall uninterrupted by windows, doors, art or architectural detail at the first floor level.
 - d. Parking lots or structures to be located behind principal buildings or with a larger landscaped setback than required for buildings. Interior landscaping is required for surface parking lots.
 - 3. The Transit Corridor zones include the design criteria list above and:
 - a. A maximum building height of 50 feet in the TC-50 District (50 feet for mixed use or residential and 30 feet for non-residential structures).
 - b. A maximum building height of 75 feet in the TC-75 District with the option increase height to 125 feet through the conditional use process. (A maximum building height for non-residential structures or the non-residential portion of a mixed use structure is limited to 30 feet.)
 - c. No maximum density.
 - d. A minimum 10,000 sq. ft., 50 foot wide lot size.
 - e. A minimum 15 foot landscaped setback for front and corner side yards. A 25 foot maximum building setback. The Planning Director in consultation with the Transportation Director may modify this requirement if the adjacent public sidewalk is substandard and the resulting modification to the setback results in a more efficient public sidewalk.
 - f. No required side or rear yard.
 - g. A 10-foot landscaped buffer is required next to residentially zoned properties.
 - h. A reduction in the number of required off-street parking spaces.
 - i. A new permitted and conditional use chart that provides more residential opportunities and emphasizes mixed-use. Automobile-oriented types of uses such as drive-thru facilities are allowed as a conditional use in the TC-75. Gas stations are not permitted in either zone.
 - j. Sign regulations for the TC-50 and TC-75 are intended to provide for appropriate signage oriented primarily to pedestrian and mass-transit traffic.

- 4. Modifications to specific requirements or design criteria may be considered by the Planning Director or through the conditional building and site design review, planned development and conditional use processes.
- 5. New criteria added to the Planned Development section of the Zoning Ordinance includes specific conceptual site design guidelines for planned developments in the following zoning districts: Transit Corridor 50 and 75, Residential Business, Residential Mixed Use, Mixed Use, Commercial Neighborhood, Commercial Business, Sugar House Business District, State Street Overlay, and Commercial Shopping (when the CS district is adjacent to more than 60% residential zoning).

MASTER PLAN AND POLICY CONSIDERATIONS:

- A. The Council has adopted housing and transportation policy statements that support creating a wide variety of housing types citywide and changing the focus of transportation decisions from moving cars to moving people. The Council's policy statements have been included in the City's Community Housing Plan and Transportation Master Plan.
 - 1. Housing policy statements address a variety of issues including quality design, public and neighborhood participation and interaction, transit-oriented development, encouraging mixed-use developments, housing preservation, rehabilitation and replacement, zoning policies and programs that preserve housing opportunities as well as business opportunities.
 - 2. Transportation policy statements include support of alternative forms of transportation, considering impacts on neighborhoods on at least an equal basis with impacts on transportation systems and giving all neighborhoods equal consideration in transportation decisions.
- B. During the Council's recent discussions relating to growth, annexations and housing policy, Council Members have expressed support for developments that promote livable community concepts such as:
 - 1. Pedestrian and bicycle friendly environments.
 - 2. Compact, transit and pedestrian oriented developments.
 - 3. Neighborhood anchor areas or commercial and/or business uses that are necessary to the function of residential neighborhoods or are compatible with residential activity.
 - 4. Local services that are conveniently available or can be provided and are accessible on foot.
- C. The Council's adopted growth policy states: It is the policy of the Salt Lake City Council that growth in Salt Lake City will be deemed the most desirable if it meets the following criteria:
 - 1. Is aesthetically pleasing;
 - 2. Contributes to a livable community environment;
 - 3. Yields no negative net fiscal impact unless an overriding public purpose is served; and
 - 4. Forestalls negative impacts associated with inactivity.
- D. The City's Strategic Plan and the Futures Commission Report express concepts such as maintaining a prominent sustainable city, ensuring the City is designed to the highest aesthetic standards and is pedestrian friendly, convenient, and inviting, but not at the expense of minimizing environmental stewardship or neighborhood vitality.
 - 1. The Plans emphasize placing a high priority on maintaining and developing new affordable residential housing in attractive, friendly, safe environments and creating attractive conditions for business expansion including retention and attraction of large and small businesses.
 - 2. The Plans also support street designs that are pedestrian friendly and developing a multi-modal citywide transportation system.
- E. The City's 1990 Urban Design Element includes statements that emphasize preserving the City's image, neighborhood character and maintaining livability while being sensitive to social and economic realities. Applicable policy concepts include:

- 1. Allow individual districts to develop in response to their unique characteristics within the overall urban design scheme for the city.
- 2. Ensure that land uses make a positive contribution to neighborhood improvement and stability.
- 3. Ensure that building restoration and new construction enhance district character.
- 4. Require private development efforts to be compatible with urban design policies of the city regardless of whether city financial assistance is provided.
- 5. Treat building height, scale and character as significant features of a district's image.
- 6. Ensure that features of building design such as color, detail, materials and scale are responsive to district character, neighboring buildings, and the pedestrian.
- F. Additional master plans that relate to the proposed transit corridor zoning on 400 South include the Central Community (1974) and East Downtown Master Plans. The Plans emphasize:
 - 1. The need to revitalize and stabilize the residential neighborhoods.
 - 2. Preservation and enhancement of the unique character and viability of the East Downtown neighborhood.
 - 3. Greater recognition of mixed-use areas and their relative permanence.
 - 4. The need for compatibility review, design guidelines and architectural controls to preserve the scale and character of the neighborhoods with an emphasis on the interface between commercial/business uses and residential development.
 - 5. Encourage pedestrian-scale and transit-oriented forms of development.
 - 6. The present design and character of 400 South should be improved with medium-scale commercial buildings to serve the adjoining neighborhoods of East Downtown and Central City.
 - 7. The commercial strip (400 South) should be replaced with more diverse and pedestrian-oriented activities with a mixture of retail, entertainment and restaurants.
 - 8. Development in this area should be focused at a pedestrian scale and at the street level with required setbacks and plaza areas designed on a human scale.
 - 9. Blank building walls should be prohibited and scenic vista areas should be protected including a view of the mountains and key landmark structures.

BACKGROUND:

(Information provided for the Council's discussion in 2002 provided again for your reference. Please see the attached Planning staff memorandum dated Sept. 3, 2004 for Planning's response to some of these issues.)

- A. The Council held a public hearing on December 3, 2002 and voted to close the hearing and table action on the Transit Corridor zoning issue for further study, input and refinement.
 - 1. Issues discussed at the Work Session briefing prior to the public hearing included:
 - a. Options identified during the Council's previous briefings and discussion with the Council's consultants.
 - b. Moving forward with the Administration's proposed transit zoning on an interim basis while additional review and analysis takes place.
 - c. Allowing additional time for community input.
 - d. Establishing a Council subcommittee to work through the various options and provide recommendations back to the full Council.
 - 2. Issues identified at the public hearing included:
 - a. The cumulative impacts on the Central City Community by previous commercial and office developments, surface parking lots, condominium and apartment developments that preclude attracting families with children and single-family development.
 - b. Potential impacts on the Bryant National Historic District, the Central City Historic District (between 500 and 700 East and just south of S. Temple to 900 South) and other existing historic structures in the surrounding area or located next to the properties to be rezoned (north of 400 South).
 - c. The need to focus on the long-term future of the area, 20 to 30 years.

- d. Support for the recommendations from the East Central, Central City and Sugar House Community Councils. (Please see pg. 4, Item C. in this staff report for a list of the recommendations.)
- e. Removing properties on the south side of 400 South east of 900 East from the proposed rezoning due to potential impacts from the proposed increase in height. (This was a new item. Removing properties from the north side of 400 South was previously requested by the East Central Community Council.)
- B. In May of 2003, at the request of the Planning Director, the Council referred this item back to the Planning Division for additional review. It was noted that the Planning Commission had requested an additional reevaluation given the Council consultant's comments.
- C. Issues discussed at the Planning Commission hearing and Historic Landmark Commission meetings included:
 - 1. Permitted and conditional uses, parking, building scale and design, pedestrian and traffic safety, exterior lighting and landscaping.
 - 2. Neighborhood impacts and compatibility relating to noise, lighting, traffic, density, building scale, design and height.
- D. Discussion items and recommendations from the Council's consultants Frank Gray and Merilee Utter.
 - 1. Transit-oriented development concepts including flexible access to transit stations, increased densities, mixed-use developments with a transit anchor, flexible design criteria, parking alternatives such as requiring less parking and providing a wide range of shared parking options for both daytime and nighttime uses.
 - 2. Create station area master plans (for each of the three stations along the 400 South corridor).
 - a. Focus on each individual transit station and future development that complements the unique character of each area.
 - b. Establish distinct boundaries and specific design criteria to protect surrounding established neighborhoods.
 - c. Create conceptual development drawings with a cost estimate or *pro forma*.
 - d. Allow areas in between the station plan area to fill in over time.
 - 3. Allow flexibility in requiring street-level retail uses, consider allowing residential uses to be located at the street level, encourage a wide range of housing types, and design first floor residential space with the flexibility to be converted to retail space depending on future market demand.
 - 4. Require building elevation to be "stepped back" as the building height increases in order to mitigate potential negative impacts on surrounding lower-density neighborhoods, particularly along the north side of 400 South east of 700 East.
 - 5. Allow a height bonus incentive up to 100 feet near the transit station platforms or on street corners.
 - 6. Adjust historic district boundaries to remove the properties along 400 South.
 - 7. Provide incentives and City or Redevelopment Agency assistance to assemble properties for future development.
- E. Previous recommendations from the East Central, Central City and Sugar House Community Councils.
 - 1. Adjust the height requirement in both TC-50 and TC-75 by requiring any building height over 30 feet to be processed as a conditional use (to ensure design review).
 - 2. Address height issues relating to solar access and air circulation (also identified by the Historic Landmark Commission) in the TC- 50 and TC-75 zones on the north side of 400 South.
 - 3. Maintain existing parking requirements and do not allow a reduction in parking.
 - 4. Adjust permitted and conditional uses
 - a. include auto-related uses as conditional uses such as gas stations to ensure consideration of potential impacts on surrounding neighborhoods
 - b. remove specific uses such as:
 - drive-through businesses

- bus terminals
- ambulance facilities
- park and ride lots
- 5. Establish density limitations.
- 6. Establish a minimum lot area requirement for planned developments.
- 7. Establish design criteria for the rear and sides of buildings to address Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) criteria and architectural features and compatibility.
- 8. Require a public process element as part of the Zoning Administrator approval procedure for building expansion requests.
- 9. Add design criteria for underground garage entrances/exits to assure maximum motorists/pedestrians visibility.
- 10. Remove some of the area to be rezoned north side of 400 South east of 700 East.
- 11. Create compatibility or design review.

CHRONOLOGY:

The Council discussed the proposed transit corridor zoning at several meetings throughout the later part of 2002 including review from consultants Frank Gray and Marilee Utter. Key dates are listed below.

•	August 4, 1998	Legislative intent initiated by the City Council
•	January 18, 2001	400 South rezoning petition initiated by the Planning Commission
•	July 18, 2001	East Central Community Council meeting
•	August 1, 2001	Central City Community Council meeting
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•	September 6, 2001	Mayor's Community Council Chair meeting
•	November 7, 2001	Historic Landmark Commission meeting
•	December 13, 2001	Planning Commission hearing
•	January 30, 2002	Historic Landmark Commission meeting
•	July 16, 2002	City Council Work Session Briefing
•	September 5, 2002	City Council Work Session Briefing
•	October 3, 2002	City Council Work Session Briefing
		Consultants Frank Gray and Merrilee Utter
•	November 5, 2002	City Council Public Hearing and Work Session Briefing
•	May 8, 2003	Referred back to the Planning Division for additional review at the
		request of the Planning Director
•	September 9, 2004	Planning Commission discussion
•	September 23, 2004	Planning Open House (requested by the Planning Commission)
•	October 13, 2004	Planning Commission hearing
•	January 2005	'Walkable Communities' ordinance adopted by City Council
•	February 9 & March 9, 2005	Planning Commission consideration of a new transit ordinance
		incorporating concepts adopted with the 'Walkable
		Communities' ordinance
•	April 13, 2005	Planning Commission recommendation to forward a new Transit
		Corridor ordinance to the City Council
•	September 6, 2005	City Council Work Session Briefing
•	October 13, 2005	City Council Subcommittee meeting with Planning staff

cc: Sam Guevara, Rocky Fluhart, DJ Baxter, Ed Rutan, Lynn Pace, Louis Zunguze, Brent Wilde, Orion Goff, Tim Harpst, Doug Wheelwright, Cheri Coffey, Larry Butcher, Kevin LoPicollo, Doug Dansie, Russell Weeks, Jennifer Bruno, Jan Aramaki, Marge Harvey, Sylvia Jones, Lehua Weaver, Barry Esham, Annette Daley, Gwen Springmeyer

File Location: Community Development Dept., Planning Division, Transit Corridor Zoning Ordinance text change and Rezoning properties along 400 South from approximately 200 East to 950 East, City Council Legislative Intent and Planning Commission initiated petition

D5C 0 2 2005

SALT LAKE CITY ORDINANCE

No. ____ of 2005

Alternative B

(Amending the Salt Lake City Zoning Code to create transit oriented zoning districts, rezoning property along the east-west light rail corridor, and making other related changes)

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE SALT LAKE CITY ZONING CODE TO CREATE TRANSIT ORIENTED ZONING DISTRICTS, CHANGING THE ZONING ALONG THE EAST-WEST LIGHT RAIL CORRIDOR, AND MAKING OTHER RELATED CHANGES, PURSUANT TO PETITION NOS. 400-01-48 and 400-01-12.

WHEREAS, the East-West Light Rail corridor from the downtown business district to the University of Utah Campus has recently been established; and

WHEREAS, in order to maximize the potential of that light rail system, the City is anxious to encourage new development which would focus on mass transit and pedestrian traffic, rather than automobile traffic; and

WHEREAS, after hearings before the Planning Commission and the Salt Lake
City Council, the City Council has determined that the following ordinance is in the best
interest of the City;

NOW, THEREFORE, be it ordained by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah: SECTION 1. Section 21A.26.077 TC-75 of the Salt Lake City Code entitled "Transit Corridor District," shall be and hereby is enacted to read as follows:

21A.26.077 TC-75 Transit Corridor District:

A. Purpose Statement: The purpose of the TC-75 Transit Corridor District is to provide an environment for efficient and attractive transit and pedestrian oriented commercial, residential and mixed-use development along major transit corridors. The design guidelines are intended to create a pedestrian friendly environment and to emphasize that pedestrian and mass-transit access is the primary focus of development.

- B. Uses: Uses in the TC-75 Transit Corridor District as specified in the Table of Permitted and Conditional Uses for Commercial Districts found at Section 21A.26.080 of this Chapter, are permitted subject to the general provisions set forth in Section 21A.26.010 of this Chapter and this Section.
- C. Planned Development Review: Planned developments, which meet the intent of the ordinance, but not the specific design criteria outlined in the following subsections may be approved by the Planning Commission pursuant to the provisions of Section 21A.54.150 of this Title.
- D. Minimum Lot Size:
 - 1. Minimum Lot Area: Ten thousand (10,000) square feet.
 - 2. Minimum Lot Width: Fifty feet (50').
- E. Minimum Yard Requirements:
 - 1. Front And Corner Side Yards: Fifteen feet (15'), Exceptions to this requirement may be authorized through the conditional building and site design review process, subject to the requirements of Part V, Chapter 21A.59 of this Title, and the review and approval of the Planning Commission. Exceptions to the minimum setback are limited to the two lower levels of the building only; the main tower of the building must maintain the minimum setback. Exceptions are limited to structural elements that enhance the pedestrian experience of the space such as, but not limited to, patio covers, building entry canopies, etc.
 - 2. Interior Side Yards: None required.
 - 3. Rear Yards: None required.
 - 4. Buffer Yards: All lots abutting property in a residential district shall conform to the buffer yard requirement of Part IV, Chapter 21A.48 of this Title.
 - 5. Accessory Buildings And Structures In Yards: Accessory buildings and structures may be located in a required yard subject to Table 21A.36.020B of this Title.
 - 6. Maximum building setback: 25 feet. Exceptions to this requirement may be authorized through the conditional building and site design review process, subject to the requirements of Part V, Chapter 21A.59 of this Title, and the review and approval of the Planning Commission. The majority of the ground level facade of a building shall be placed parallel, and not at an angle, to the street. Where an arcade facing the street is provided, the maximum setback for the building shall be measured to the supporting beams for the arcade or the facade of the upper floors, not the facade of the arcade level. The Planning Director, in consultation with the Transportation Director, may modify this requirement if the adjacent public sidewalk is substandard and the resulting modification to the setback results in a more efficient public sidewalk. The Planning Director may waive this requirement for any addition, expansion, or

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intensification, which increases the floor area or parking requirement by less than 50% if the Planning Director finds the following:

- a. The architecture of the addition is compatible with the architecture of the original structure or the surrounding architecture.
- b. The addition is not part of a series of incremental additions intended to subvert the intent of the ordinance.
- Any appeal of an Administrative Decision made pursuant to subsection E.6 may be made to the Planning Commission.
- F. Landscape Yard Requirements: A landscape yard of fifteen feet (15') shall be required on all front and corner side yards, conforming to the requirements of Section 21A.48.090 and subsection 21A.48.100C of this Title, except as authorized as a conditional use, subject to conformance with the standards and procedures of Part V, Chapter 21A.54 of this Title.
- G. Maximum Non-residential Building Height: The maximum building height in the TC-75 zoning district shall not exceed thirty feet (30') for those buildings used exclusively for non-residential purposes.
 - 1. Additional building square footage may be allowed up to a maximum building height of seventy-five feet (75') for to a building height of one-hundred and twenty-five feet (125') through the conditional building and site design review process, subject to conformance with the standards and procedures of Part V, Chapter 21A.59 of this Title and conformity with applicable Master Plan policyl provided that for each additional floor of non-residential use above thirty feet (30'), the equivalent amount of square footage, inclusive of the first thirty feet (30') is required to be built as residential square footage.
 - 2. The residential component may be transferred off-site to another property in the TC-50 or TC-75 zoning districts along the 400 South Street frontage generally located between 200 East and 925 East. For such off-site residential configuration, the amount of residential development required is equal to the square footage of the total amount of square footage obtained for the non-residential floors rising in the total project.
 - 3. For those developments where the required residential component is transferred off-site, prior to the issuance of a building permit for the non-residential structure, the applicant must identify specifically where the residential structure will be located in the area zoned TC-50 or TC-75 along to 400 South Street corridor generally located between 200 East and 900 East and enter into a development agreement with the City to ensure the construction of the residential structure in a timely manner. In such cases where the residential use is built off-site, one of the following shall apply:
 - a. Construction of the off-site residential use must be progressing beyond the footings and foundation stage, prior to the non-residential portion of the development obtaining a certificate of occupancy, or

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- b. A financial assurance that construction of the off-site residential use will commence within two (2) years of receiving a certificate of occupancy for the non-residential component of the development. The financial assurance shall be in an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of the construction valuation for the residential component of the development as determined by the Building Official. The City shall call the financial assurance and deposit the proceeds in the City's Housing Trust Fund if construction has not commenced within two (2) years of the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for the non-residential component of the development.
- 4. Maximum building height may be obtained to one hundred and twenty-five feet (125') for any building subject to at least ninety percent (90%) of all parking for said building being provided as structured parking.
- H. Maximum Residential Building Height: No residential building, or mixed use building shall exceed seventy five feet (75') in height. Building heights in excess of seventy-five (75) feet, but not more than one hundred and twenty-five feet (125 feet) may be approved through the conditional building and site design review process, subject to conformance with the standards and procedures of Part V, Chapter 21A.59 of this Title and conformity with applicable Master Plan policy.
 - 1. Maximum building height may be obtained to one hundred and twenty-five feet (125') where at least ninety percent (90%) of all parking for said building is provided as structured parking.
 - 2. The ground floor shall include either non-residential uses or public service portions of residential buildings.
- I. Restrictions On Parking Lots And Structures: The following regulations shall apply to surface or above ground parking facilities.
 - 1. Block Corner Areas: Within block corner areas, surface parking lots and structures shall be located behind principal buildings, or at least sixty feet (60') from front and corner side lot lines.
 - 2. Mid-Block Areas: Within the mid-block areas, parking structures shall be located behind principal buildings, or above the first level, or at least thirty feet (30') from front and corner side lot lines. A modification to this requirement may be granted as a conditional use, subject to conformance with the standards and procedures of Part V, Chapter 21A.54 of this Title. Parking structures located above the first level and less than 30 feet from a front or corner side yard shall meet the following:
 - a. Retail goods/service establishments, offices and/or restaurants shall be provided on the first floor adjacent to the front or corner side lot line.

Deleted: (non-residential portions of mixed use buildings and nublic service portions of residential buildings are limited to the first thirty feet (30') of the building).

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- b. Levels of parking above the first level facing the front or corner side lot line shall have floors and/or facades that are horizontal, not sloped.
- Mid-block surface parking lots shall have a twenty-five foot (25') landscaped setback.
- 3. Accessory and Commercial Parking Structures: Accessory parking structures, built prior to the principal use, and commercial parking structures, shall be permitted as conditional uses with the approval of the Planning Commission pursuant to the provisions of Part V, Chapter 21A.54 of this Title.
- 4. <u>Below ground Parking Facilities: No special design and setback</u> restrictions shall apply to below ground parking facilities.
- 5. <u>Landscape Requirements: Surface parking lots shall meet interior</u> landscaped requirements as outlined in Chapter 21A.48 of this Title.
- 6. The Planning Director may modify or waive this requirement if the Planning Director finds the following:
 - a. The parking is compatible with the architecture/design of the original structure or the surrounding architecture.
 - b. The parking is not part of a series of incremental additions intended to subvert the intent of the ordinance.
 - c. The horizontal landscaping is replaced with vertical screening in the form of berms, plant materials, architectural features, fencing and/or other forms of screening.
 - The landscaped setback is consistent with the surrounding neighborhood character.
 - e. The overall project is consistent with Chapter 21A,59.060.
- Any appeal of an Administrative Decision made pursuant to subsection I.6 may be made to the Planning Commission.
- 7. Conditional building and site design review: A modification to the restrictions on parking lots and structures provisions of this Section may be authorized as conditional building and site design review, subject to the requirements of Part V, Chapter 21A.59 of this Title, and the review and approval of the Planning Commission
- J. Minimum First Floor Glass: The first floor elevation facing a street of all new buildings, or buildings in which the property owner is modifying the size of windows on the front façade, shall not have less than forty percent (40%) glass surfaces. There must be visual clearance behind the glass for a minimum of two feet (2'). All first floor glass shall be non-reflective. The reflectivity in glass shall be limited to eighteen percent (18%) as defined by ASTA Standards. Display windows that are three-dimensional (3-D) and are at least two feet (2') deep are permitted and may be counted toward the forty percent (40%) glass requirement. Exceptions to this requirement may be authorized as conditional building and site design review, subject to the requirements of Part V, Chapter 21A.59 of this Title, and the review and approval of the Planning Commission. The Planning Director may approve a modification to this requirement if the Planning Director finds:

- a. The requirement would negatively impact the historic character of the building, or
- b. The requirement would negatively impact the structural stability of the building.
- c. The ground level of the building is occupied by residential uses, in which case the forty percent (40%) glass requirement may be reduced to twenty-five percent (25%).
- Any appeal of an Administrative Decision made pursuant to subsection J may be made to the Planning Commission.
- K. Doors and Facades: Provide at least one operable building entrance per elevation that faces a public street. Buildings that face multiple streets are only required to have one door on either street, if the facades for both streets meet the forty percent (40%) glass requirement as outlined in Section 21A.26.077.J.
- L. Maximum Length of blank walls: The maximum length of any blank wall uninterrupted by windows, doors, art or architectural detailing at the first floor level shall be fifteen feet (15').
- M. Density: There is no maximum residential density.

SECTION 2. Sections 21A.44.040.C.7 and 8 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and hereby are enacted to read as follows:

21A.44.040.C.8 TC-75 District

a. For non-residential uses in the TC-75 district, no off-street parking shall be required for the first five thousand (5,000) square feet of floor area. For all non-residential uses with more than five thousand (5,000) square feet, the parking requirement shall be one space per one thousand (1,000) square feet of gross floor area, including the initial five thousand (5,000) square feet.

b. All residential parking requirements listed in Table 21A.44.060F are reduced by fifty percent (50%) within the TC-75 Zoning District.

SECTION 3. Section 21A.48.080.C.12 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and

hereby is enacted to read as follows:

21A.48.080.C.12 TC-75 District

Lots in the TC-75 District which abut a lot in a residential district, shall provide a ten (10) foot landscaped buffer.

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District¶
All parking requirements listed in

All parking requirements listed in Table 21 A.44.060F are reduced by twenty five percent (25%) within the TC-50 Zoning District.

SECTION 4. Section 21A.54.150.E.4 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and

hereby is enacted to read as follows:

21A.54.150.E.4 Planned developments within the TC-75, RB, RMU, MU, CN, CB, and CSHBD zoning districts and the South State Street Overlay. Also planned developments within the CS zoning district, when the district is adjacent to more than 60% residential zoning (within 300 feet, either on the same block or across the street).

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Planned developments within these zoning districts may be approved subject to consideration of the following general conceptual guidelines (a positive finding for each is not required):

- a. The development shall be primarily oriented to the street, not an interior courtyard or parking lot,
- b. The primary access shall be oriented to the pedestrian and mass transit,
- c. The façade shall maintain detailing and glass in sufficient quantities to facilitate pedestrian interest and interaction,
- d. Architectural detailing shall emphasize the pedestrian level of the building,
- e. Parking lots shall be appropriately screened and landscaped to minimize their impact on the neighborhood,
- f. Parking lot lighting shall be shielded to eliminate excessive glare or light into adjacent neighborhoods,
- g. Dumpsters and loading docks shall be appropriately screened or located within the structure, and
- h. Signage shall emphasize the pedestrian/mass transit orientation.

SECTION 5. The table located at Section 21A.54.150.E.2 of the Salt Lake City

Code shall be and hereby is amended to read as set forth on Exhibit "A" attached hereto.

SECTION 6. Section 21A.46.095 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and hereby

is enacted to read as follows:

21A.46.095 Sign Regulations for Transit Corridor Districts:

The following regulations shall apply to signs permitted in transit corridor districts. Any sign not expressly permitted by these district regulations is prohibited.

a. Sign regulations for the TC-75 transit corridor district:

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1. Purpose: Sign regulations for the TC-75 district are intended to provide for appropriate signage oriented primarily to pedestrian and mass transit traffic.

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2. Applicability: Regulations on Table 21A,46.095.A.3 of this section shall apply to all lots within the TC-50 and TC-75 districts.

SECTION 7. The table located at Section 21A.46.095.A.3 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and hereby is enacted as set forth on Exhibit "B" attached hereto.

SECTION 8. The table located at Section 21A.26.080 of the Salt Lake City

Code entitled "Table of Permitted and Conditional Uses for Commercial Districts," shall
be and hereby is amended to read as set forth on Exhibit "C" attached hereto.

SECTION 9. The table located at Section 21A.26.090 of the Salt Lake City

Code entitled "Summary Table of Yard and Bulk requirements - Commercial Districts,"

shall be and hereby is amended to read as set forth on Exhibit "D" attached hereto.

SECTION 10. Section 21A.62.040 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and hereby is amended to include the following definitions in alphabetical order:

"Block corner" means the ninety degree (90°) intersection of private property adjacent to the intersection of two public street rights of way both of which are at least 132 feet wide. When applied to corner buildings, the provisions of this ordinance shall extend to 165 feet from the block corner on the street face and 165 feet in depth.

"Corner building" means a building, the structure of which rises above the ground within 100 feet of a block corner on the street face and 100 feet in depth.

"Mid-block area" means an area of development not deemed to be a block corner.

SECTION 11. The properties located along the East-West light rail corridor on 400 South, which are more particularly identified on Exhibit "E" attached hereto, shall be and hereby are rezoned from commercial corridor (CC) to transit oriented district (TC-75).

Deleted: SECTION 12. The properties located along the East-West light rail corridor along 400 South, which are more particularly described on Exhibit "E" attached hereto, shall be and hereby are rezoned from commercial corridor (CC) to transit oriented district (TC-50).

SECTION 12. Amending of zoning map. The Salt Lake City zoning map, as adopted by the Salt Lake City Code, relating to the fixing of boundaries and zoning districts, shall be and hereby is amended consistent with the rezoning identified above.

SECTION 13. Amendment of Master Plan. To the extent necessary, the Central Deleted: City Community Master Plan shall be and hereby is amended consistent with the rezoning identified above. SECTION 14. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective on the date of its first publication. Passed by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah, this _____ day of _____, 2005. **CHAIRPERSON** ATTEST AND COUNTERSIGN: CHIEF DEPUTY CITY RECORDER Transmitted to Mayor on ______. Mayor's Action: _____Approved. _____Vetoed. MAYOR

CHIEF DEPUTY CITY RECORDER

(SEAL)

Bill No. _____ of 2005.

Published: _____.

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EXHIBIT A

District	Minimum Planned Development Size
Residential Districts	
FR-1/43,560 Foothills Estate Residential District	5 acres
FR-2/21,780 Foothills Residential District	5 acres
FR-3/12,000 Foothills residential District	5 acres
R-1/12,000 Single-Family Residential District	5 acres
R-1/7,000 Single-Family Residential District	20,000 square feet
R-1/5,000 Single-Family Residential District	20,000 square feet
SR-1 Special Develo0pment Pattern Residential District	9,000 square feet
SR-2 Special Development Patter Residential	Reserved
SR-3 Interior Block Single-Family Residential District	9,000 square feet
R-2 Single and Two-Family Residential District	9,000 square feet
RMF-30 Low Density Multi-Family Residential District	9,000 square feet
RMF-35 Moderate Density Multi-Family Residential	9,000 square feet
District	•
RMF-45 Moderate / High Density Multi-Family	20,000 square feet
Residential District	
RMF-75 High Density Multi-Family District	20,000 square feet
RO Residential/Office District	20,000 square feet
RB Residential/Business District	20,000 square feet
R-MU Residential/Mixed Use District	20,000 square feet
Commercial Districts	
CN Neighborhood Commercial District	20,000 square feet
CB Community Business District	20,000 square feet
CS Community Shopping District	60,000 square feet
CC Corridor Commercial District	20,000 square feet
CSHBD Sugar House Business District	20,000 square feet
CG General Commercial District	1 acre
TC-75 Transit Corridor	No minimum required
Manufacturing District	
M-1 Light Manufacturing District	2 acres
M-2 General Manufacturing District	2 acres
Downtown Districts	
D-1 Central Business District	2 acres
D-2 Downtown Support Commercial District	2 acres
D-3 Downtown Warehouse/Residential District	1 acre
Special Purpose Districts	
RP Research Park District	10 acres
BP Business Park District	10 acres
FP Foothills Protection District	32 acres
AG Agricultural District	10 acres
AG-2 Agricultural District	4 acres
AG-5 Agricultural District	10 acres
AG-20 Agricultural District	40 acres
A Airport District	2 acres
PL Public Lands District	5 acres
I Institutional District	5 acres
UI Urban Institutional District	1 acre
OS Open Space District	2 acres
MH Mobile Home Park District	10 acres
EI Extractive Industries District	10 acres

EXHIBIT B

Types Of Signs Permitted	Maximum Area Per Sign Face In Square Feet	Maximum Height Of Freestanding Signs In Feet ¹	Minimum Setback ²	Number Of Signs Permitted Per Sign Type	Limit On Combined Number Of Signs
Flat sign (storefront orientation) ⁴	1.5 sq. ft. per linear ft. of store frontage 5	(see note I below)	N/A	1 per business or storefront	None
Flat sign (general building orientation)	1.5 sq. ft. per linear ft. of building face 5	(see note 1 below)	N/A	1 per building face	None
Projecting business storefront sign	4 sq. feet per side; 8 sq. feet total	(see note 1 below) Sign face limited to 2 feet in height	May extend 4 feet from the face of the building, but no more than 2 ft. from back of curb 6	1 per business entry to the street	None
Projecting parking entry sign	4 sq. feet per side; 8 sq. feet total	(see note 1 below) Sign face limited to 2 feet in height	May extend 4 feet from the face of the building, but no more than 2 ft. from back of curb 6	1 per driveway or parking lot entry	None
Marquee sign	Subject only to subsection 21A.46.070.O. of this Chapter			1 per storefront	None
Awning/canopy signs	1 sq. ft. per linear ft. of storefront (sign area only)	(see note below)	May extend 6 ft. from face of building, but no more than 2 ft. from back of curb 6	1 per first floor door/window	None
Monument sign	100 sq. ft.	12 ft.	None	1 per street frontage	
Construction sign	64 sq. ft.	12 ft.	5 ft.	2 per building	None
Political sign	32 sq. ft.	8 ft.	5 ft.	No limit	None
Real estate sign	64 sq. ft.	12 ft.	5 ft.	l per building	None
Private directional sign	8 sq. ft.	4 ft.	5 ft.	No limit	None
New development sign	80 sq. ft.	12 ft.	5 ft.	l per development	None
Window sign	25% of total frontage window area per use	(see note 1 below)	N/A	No limit	None
Public safety sign	8 sq. ft.	6 ft.	5 ft.	No limit	None
Nameplate, identifying building name	3 sq. ft.	8 ft.	N/A	l per building	None

Notes:

- For height limits on building signs, see subsection 21A.46.070J of this Chapter.
 Not applicable to temporary signs mounted as flat signs.

- 3. The total number of signs permitted from the sign types combined.
- 4. Storefront flat signs limited to locations on the lower 2 floors.
 5. A single tenant building may combine the square footage total of both the storefront orientation and the general building orientation flat signs to construct one larger sign.

 6. Public property lease and insurance required for projection over property line.

(Ord. 83-98 § 11 (Exh. F), 1998)

Exhibit C

21A.26.080 Table Of Permitted And Conditional Uses For Commercial Districts:

LEGEND

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PERMITTED AND CONDITIONAL USES, BY DISTRICT COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS

C = Conditional Use

P = Permitted Use

Use	CN	СВ	CC	CS ¹	CSHB D ¹	CG	<u>TC-75</u>
Residential	<u> </u>						
Assisted living		P	P			P	<u>P</u>
center, large							L
Assisted living		P	P			P	<u>P</u>
center, small							
Dwelling units,	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
including multi-							
family dwellings,		l	}				
above or below first							
story office, retail							
and commercial uses							
or on the first story,							
as defined in the			Ì				
Uniform Building							
Code, where the unit							
is not located		1					
adjacent to the street							
frontage							
Dwelling: Single							<u>P</u>
Room Occupancy ⁵							
Group home, large			C			C	<u>P</u>
(see Section							
21A.36.070 of this							
Title)						,	
Group home, small	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
(see Section							
21A.36.070 of this	l	}					ì i
Title) above or							
below first story							
office, retail and							
commercial uses or			[
on the first story, as							
defined in the							
Uniform Building							
Code where the unit	L .	_					

			7		 -		
is not located							
adjacent to the street							
frontage						ļ	
Halfway homes (see						C	
Section 21A.36.110							
of this Title)							
Living quarters for	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
caretaker or security							
guard							
Multi-family				·	P		P
residential							-
Nursing home	-	P	P	 		P	P
Residential		 *	C	 		$\frac{1}{C}$	<u>C</u>
substance abuse							=
treatment home,							<u> </u>
,							
large (see Section 21A.36.100 of this							
Title)					-	+	
Residential			C			C	<u>C</u>
substance abuse							
treatment home,]
small (see Section							
21A.36.100 of this							
Title)							
Transitional			C			C	<u>C</u>
treatment home,							
large (see Section							
21A.36.090 of this							
Title)							
Transitional			C			C	<u>C</u>
treatment home,	1						_
small (see Section							
21A.36.090 of this							
Title)							
Transitional victim		*	C		1	C	<u>C</u>
home, large (see							_
Section 21A.36.080					1		
of this Title)							
Transitional victim		 	C	 	† ··	C	<u>C</u>
home, small (see					1		~
Section 21A.36.080							
of this Title)							
Office And Related I	Ices			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Financial institution,	J3U3	P	P	P	P	ΤP	<u> </u>
		r	r	F	F	r	$ \mathbf{C} $
with drive-through							
facilities					<u> </u>		1

Financial	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
institutions, without	^	•	^	*	1	*	*
drive-through							
facilities							
Medical and dental	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
clinics							_
Offices	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Veterinary offices,		P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u> <u>C</u>
operating entirely							_
within an enclosed							
building and keeping							
animals overnight							
only for treatment							
purposes							
Retail Sales And Serv	vices						
Auction sales			P			P	
Automobile repair,			P	С		P	<u>C</u>
major							_
Automobile repair,	С	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
minor		<u> </u>					
Automobile			P			P	
sales/rental and							
service							
Boat/recreational			P			P	
vehicle sales and							
service							
Car wash as		P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
accessory use to gas							
station or							
convenience store							
that sells gas							
Car wash, with or			P	P		P	<u>C</u>
without gasoline						0	
sales	<u> </u>			_			
Department stores				P	P		
D		<u> </u>				D	
Equipment rental,			P			P	<u>C</u>
indoor and outdoor		D	D	D	D	D	
Furniture repair shop	D	P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
Gas station (may	P	P	P	P	P	P	
include accessory							
convenience retail							
and/or "minor							
repairs" as defined in							
Part VI, Chapter 21A.62 of this Title)							
ZIA.02 OI uns Tiue)	L <u>-</u>	l		L	L	L	

Health and fitness		P	P	P	P	C	P
facility		C	C	-	-C	C	$\frac{1}{\mathbf{C}}$
Liquor store Manufactured/mobil		<u> </u>			 	P	<u> </u>
e home sales and						F	
service	-					- D	
Pawnshop		<u> </u>				P	
Restaurant, with	C	P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
drive-through							
facilities							
Restaurants, without	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
drive-through							
facilities			_		<u> </u>		
Retail goods	C	P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
establishments with							
drive-through							
facilities							
Retail goods	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
establishments							
without drive-							
through facilities		_					
Retail services	C	P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
establishments with	1						
drive-through							
facilities							
Retail services	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
establishments							
without drive-							
through facilities							
Truck repair, large						P	
Truck sales and			P			P	
rental, large							
Upholstery shop		P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
Value						P	
retail/membership							
wholesale							
Institutional Uses (si	tes < 2 a	cres)					
Adult daycare center	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
Child daycare center	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Community	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
recreation centers on							_
lots less than 4 acres							
in size							
Government	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
facilities (excluding							_
those of an industrial							
				1			

nature and prisons)	"						
Museum	 	P	P	P	P		P
		F	- F	F	- Г		
Medical/Dental							<u>P</u>
research facilities		P	P	P	P		D
Music conservatory		P	P	P		P	P
Places of worship on		P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
lots less than 4 acres							
in size	ļ						
Research,							<u>P</u>
commercial,							
scientific,							
<u>educational</u>							
Schools,	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
professional and							
vocational							
Commercial And Ma	nufactu	ring	., .				
Bakery, commercial						P	
Blacksmith shop						P	
Blood donation			C			P	
centers, commercial							
and not accessory to							
a hospital or medical							
clinic	L						
Cabinet and						P	
woodworking mills							
Commercial						P	
laundries, linen							
service and dry							
cleaning							
Industrial assembly						P	
Laboratory; medical,			P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
dental optical							
Laboratory; testing	,		C	С		P	C
Mini-warehouse			P			P	\overline{c}
Motion picture		-		P	P	P	<u>C</u> <u>P</u>
studio							-
Photo finishing lab			P	P	P	P	P
Plant and garden	C	C	C	C	Ĉ	P	<u> </u>
shop, with outdoor	-					-	=
retail sales area							
Sign		1			 	P	-
painting/fabrication						*	
Warehouse		+	P	 		P	-
Welding shop		+	 •		-	1 P	
Wholesale		1	P	 	-	$\frac{1}{P}$	
distributors			F			l r	
distributors	L						

Ant gallery P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	Recreation, Cultural And Entertainment										
Art gallery P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P					P		P	I			
Art studio P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P		P	P	P	P	P	P	P			
Commercial indoor recreation Commercial outdoor recreation Commercial video arcade Dance studio P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P		P	P	P	P	P	P	P			
recreation Commercial outdoor recreation Commercial video arcade Dance studio Dance studio Dance studio P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P				P		ļ <u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Commercial outdoor recreation Commercial video arcade Dance studio P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P				-			_	_			
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Commercial video arcade Dance studio P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P							-	_=			
arcade Dance studio P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P		†···	+	P		P	P	P			
Dance studio P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P				_		_	-	_			
Live performance theaters Miniature golf Movie theaters Movie theaters Natural open space and conservation areas Parks and playgrounds, public and private, on lots less than 4 acres in size Pedestrian pathways, trails, and greenways Private club Sexually oriented businesses Squares and plazas on lots less than 4 acres in size Tavern/lounge/brew pub; 2,500 square feet or less in floor area Tavern/lounge/brew pub; more than 2,500 square feet in floor area Miscellaneous Accessory uses, except those that are specifically regulated in this Chapter, or		P	P	P	P	P	P	P			
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Movie theaters				P	P		р	p			
Natural open space and conservation areas Parks and P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P				1		р					
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Accessory uses, PPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPP			.				<u> </u>				
except those that are specifically regulated in this Chapter, or		P	P	P	P	P	P	P			
specifically regulated in this Chapter, or								_			
regulated in this Chapter, or											
Chapter, or											
elsewhere in this	elsewhere in this										

Title	<u> </u>						
Ambulance services,	··-·	1	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
dispatching, staging			-	_			=
and maintenance							
conducted entirely							
within an enclosed							
building							
Ambulance services,						P	
dispatching, staging							
and maintenance							
utilizing outdoor							
operations							
Auditorium			P	P	Р	P	P
Auto salvage						P	
(indoor)							
Bed and breakfast	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Bed and breakfast	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
inn							-
Bed and breakfast	C^3	C^3	P		P	P	<u>P</u>
manor							-
Bus line terminals			P			P	C
Bus line yards and						P	
repair facilities							
Commercial parking			С		P	P	<u>C</u>
garage or lot							-
Communication		P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
towers			_				
Communication		С	C	С	С	С	<u>C</u>
towers, exceeding							
the maximum							
building height							
Contractor's			C			P	
yard/office							
(including outdoor							
storage)							
Farmers' market			C	C		P	<u>C</u>
Flea market (indoor)	ļ . <u></u>		P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
Flea market						P	
(outdoor)				<u> </u>			
Funeral home	ļ		P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
Homeless shelter	<u> </u>					C	
Hotel or motel			P		P	P	
77 1							С
Kennels						P	
Limousine service,						P	
utilizing 4 or more	<u></u>	1	<u> </u>				

limousines	Τ				· - [
Limousine service,	 	C	C			P	
utilizing not more						1	
than 3 limousines							
Micro brewery						.P	
Park and ride lots	+	C	С	С	P	P	<u>C</u>
Park and ride,	-	P	P	P	P	P	P
parking shared with		1	1	^	1	1	<u> -</u>
existing use							
Pet cemeteries ⁴						P	
Off-site parking; as			P		C	- 1 P	<u>C</u>
per Chapter 21A.44			1			1	<u> </u>
of this Title							
Outdoor sales and	 	C	P	C	P	P	C
			r		I F	ľ	<u>C</u>
display Outdoor storage						P	
Outdoor storage	ļ		C			P	-
Outdoor storage,						P	
public	ļ	_	- n			P	
Precision equipment			P			P	1
repair shops							
Public/private utility	C	C	P	P	C	P	<u>P</u>
buildings and		[
structures	<u> </u>		B				
Public/private utility	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
transmission wires,							
lines, pipes and							
poles ²							
Radio, television				C	P	P	<u>P</u>
station							
Recreational vehicle			C				·
park (minimum 1							
acre)	T						.
Recycling collection	P	P	P	P	P	P	
station							
Reverse vending	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
machines	_						
Taxicab facilities,						P	
dispatching, staging							
and maintenance						-	
Temporary labor						P	
hiring office							
Vehicle auction use						P	
Wireless							
telecommunications							
facility (see Table							
21A.40.090E of this							

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1111e)	I	1		
1 * ***********************************	I			

Qualifying Provisions:

- 1. Development in the CS District and CSHBD District shall be subject to planned development approval pursuant to the provisions of Section 21A.54.150 of this Title.
- 2. See subsection 21A.02.050B of this Title for utility regulations.
- 3. When located in a building listed on the Salt Lake City Register of Cultural Resources (see subsections 21A.24.010S of this Part and 21A.26.010K of this Chapter).
- 4. Subject to Salt Lake City/County Health Department approval.
- 5. Subject to location restrictions as per Section 21A.36.190

(Ord. 38-99 § 6, 1999: Ord. 35-99 § 29, 1999: Ord. 19-98 § 2, 1998: amended during 5/96 supplement: Ord. 88-95 § 1 (Exh. A), 1995: Ord. 84-95 § 1 (Exh. A), 1995: Ord. 26-95 § 2(13-7), 1995)

EXHIBIT D

21A.26.090 Summary Table Of Yard And Bulk Requirements-Commercial Districts:

	Landsca	þe	Buffer Yards1	7,					<u>-</u>									15'			·		† ~			
	Required	Landscape	Yard	Front and	corner	side yards			Front and	corner	side yards,	ij	provided	ď				The first	15' of	front and	comer	side yards	Front and	corner	side yards;	15'
	Minimu	m Rear	Yard	10,					10,									30,					10'			
	Minimum	Interior	Side Yard	No	minimum				No	minimum								15'					No	minimum		
	Minimum	Front Or	Comer Side Yard	15.					Š,	minimum;	otherwise	15'	parking	setback				30'					15'			
	Maximum	Building Height		25' or 21/2 stories					30' or 2 stories									45' or 3 stories			•		30' or 2 stories			
	Maximu	ш	District Size	90,000	sf				None		•							None				•	None			
ULATIONS	Maximum	Building	Size	None					Up to	15,000 sf	1st floor;	or 20.000	sf total	floor area	permitted	> is a	condition	None					None			
BULK REG	Minimu	m Lot	Width	None					None									150'	•				75'			
YARD AND BULK REG	Lot Area	Regulations		No	minimum	Maximum	lot area:	16,500 sf	°Z	minimum;	lots over 4	acres are	conditional	nses				60,000 sf	minimum	excluding	pad sites		10,000 sf	minimum		
District Name				Neighborhood	Commercial				Community	Business		_						Community	Shopping				Corridor	Commercial		
Distri	ಕ	Symb	<u>-0</u>	S					CB							-		S		•		-	သ			

		_					_						
	13 C					S						BD	CSH
	<u>Transit</u> <u>Corridor - 75</u>				Commercial	General						Business	Sugar House
	<u>10,000 sf</u> <u>minimum</u>				minimum	10,000 sf	500 sf/unit	3 units plus	9,000 sf for	family:	Multi-	minimum	No
	<u> 5</u> 0					60'							None
	None					None		l use	conditiona	sf is a	> 20,000	permitted	20,000 sf
	None					None							None
75' conditional 125'	Non-residential 30' residential					60' or 4 stories				10 stories	maximum 150' or	Condition- al:	90' or 6 stories
	15;					10'					required	mınimum	No
	None				minimum	No						minimum	No
	None					10'							None
		side yards	comer	front or	10' of	The first							None
when adjacen t to residen	None except					15'							7"
	<u>side yards</u>	Transit 10,000 sf 50' None Non-residential 20' residential 30' residential 75' conditional 125' None Corner side vards	10.000 sf minimum 50? None None minimum Non-residential minimum 15? None mone mone minimum None mone mone mone minimum None mone mone mone mone mone mone mone m	Transit Corridor - 75 minimum Transit 10,000 sf Corridor - 75 minimum To residential 152 Mone To residential 153 None Corner 105 conditional 152 None Corner side yards 1252	Transit Corridor - 75 10,000 sf 50' None None Non-residential 15' None Front and Corner side yards 125' Side yards 125' Side yards 125' Side yards Side yards 125' Side yards Side yards	Commercial minimum Transit Corridor - 75 minimum 50' None None None Non-residential 75' conditional 10' of residential 15' None None Front and Corner side yards 125'	General 10,000 sf 60' None None 60' or 4 stories 10' No 10' The first Commercial minimum Transit Corridor - 75 minimum Corridor - 75 minimum Transit 10,000 sf minimum Transit 10' No 10' The first minimum Front or side yards 125' or esidential 125' None Corner side vards 125' mone Side vards	General 10,000 sf 60' None None 60' or 4 stories 10' No 10' The first Commercial minimum Transit Corridor - 75 minimum Solve Studies 10' None 10' The first minimum front or side yards Tone None None None Solve Side yards 125' conditional 125' None Side yards 125' None None None None None None None None	General 10,000 sf 60' None None 60' or 4 stories 10' No 10' The first Commercial minimum front or corner side yards Transit Corridor - 75 minimum Corridor - 8 minimum Transit 10,000 sf minimum Transit 10,000 sf minimum Transit 10,000 sf minimum 10,000 sf minimum None None None 10' The first front or side yards ide yards 125' conditional 125' None Side yards 125' conditional 125' None Side yards	9,000 sf for 3 units plus 500 sf/unit 1 use 500 sf/unit 1 use 500 sf/unit 60' None None 60' or 4 stories 10' No 10' The first front or corner side yards Transit Corridor - 75 minimum 50' None None 75' conditional 125' conditional 125' None 80' residential 75' conditional 125' None 80' residential 125' Rone 80' residential 125'	family: 9,000 sf for 9,000 sf for 3 units plus 500 sf/unit General 10,000 sf Commercial Transit Corridor - 75 minimum Transit Corridor - 75 minimum Solvationa Solvationa Solvationa None Mone Mone Mone Mone Mone Mone Mone M	Multi- Solution Solution	Business minimum permitted Multi- Multi- St is a 20,000 Multi- St is a 10 stories 10 stories 10 stories 10 minimum Multi- St is a 10 stories 10 stories 10 minimum Multi- St is a 10 stories 10 stories 10 minimum Multi- St is a Multi- St

Additional Regulations:

on a sloping lot as a conditional use pursuant to subsection 21A.26.010J of this Chapter. maximum height, as a special exception. Modifications of more than 10 percent, but not more than 1 additional story may be approved General provisions for all commercial districts: building height modification-building height may be modified up to 10 percent of

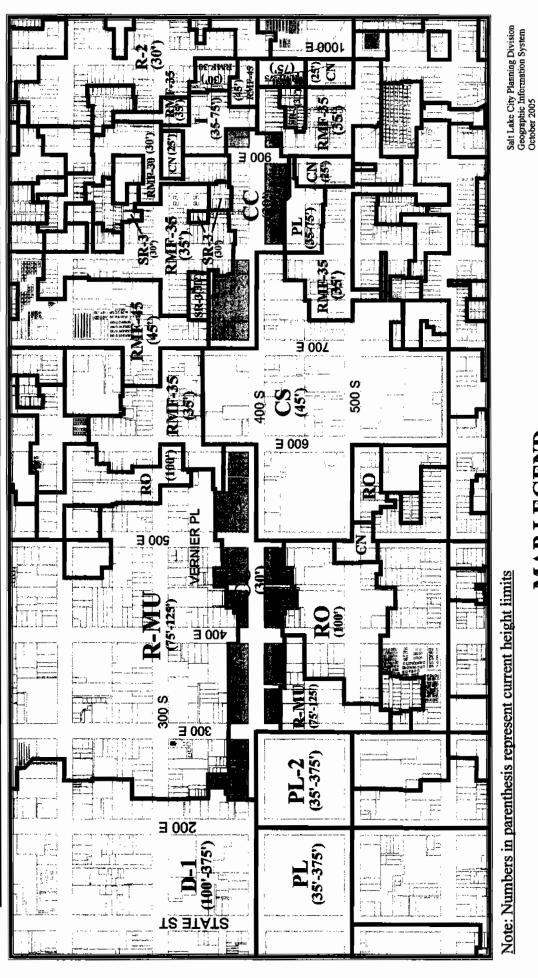
collector streets. CS District-access restrictions: driveways onto public streets shall be limited to 1 per 150 feet of frontage on arterial and major

Footnotes:

1. See Chapter 21A.48 of this Title.

(Ord. 35-99 § 29, 1999: Ord. 88-95 § 1 (Exh. A), 1995: Ord. 26-95 § 2(13-8), 1995)

Commercia Corrido



Note: Numbers in parenthesis represent current height limits

MAP LEGEND

TC-75 is proposed to replace CC

SALT LAKE CITY ORDINANCE No. _____ of 2005

Alternative B

(Amending the Salt Lake City Zoning Code to create transit oriented zoning districts, rezoning property along the east-west light rail corridor, and making other related changes)

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE SALT LAKE CITY ZONING CODE TO CREATE TRANSIT ORIENTED ZONING DISTRICTS, CHANGING THE ZONING ALONG THE EAST-WEST LIGHT RAIL CORRIDOR, AND MAKING OTHER RELATED CHANGES, PURSUANT TO PETITION NOS. 400-01-48 and 400-01-12.

WHEREAS, the East-West Light Rail corridor from the downtown business district to the University of Utah Campus has recently been established; and

WHEREAS, in order to maximize the potential of that light rail system, the City is anxious to encourage new development which would focus on mass transit and pedestrian traffic, rather than automobile traffic; and

WHEREAS, after hearings before the Planning Commission and the Salt Lake
City Council, the City Council has determined that the following ordinance is in the best
interest of the City;

NOW, THEREFORE, be it ordained by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah:

SECTION 1. Section 21A.26.077 TC-75 of the Salt Lake City Code entitled

"Transit Corridor District," shall be and hereby is enacted to read as follows:

21A.26.077 TC-75 Transit Corridor District:

A. Purpose Statement: The purpose of the TC-75 Transit Corridor District is to provide an environment for efficient and attractive transit and pedestrian oriented commercial, residential and mixed-use development along major transit corridors. The design guidelines are intended to create a pedestrian friendly environment and to emphasize that pedestrian and mass-transit access is the primary focus of development.

- B. Uses: Uses in the TC-75 Transit Corridor District as specified in the Table of Permitted and Conditional Uses for Commercial Districts found at Section 21A.26.080 of this Chapter, are permitted subject to the general provisions set forth in Section 21A.26.010 of this Chapter and this Section.
- C. Planned Development Review: Planned developments, which meet the intent of the ordinance, but not the specific design criteria outlined in the following subsections may be approved by the Planning Commission pursuant to the provisions of Section 21A.54.150 of this Title.

D. Minimum Lot Size:

- 1. Minimum Lot Area: Ten thousand (10,000) square feet.
- 2. Minimum Lot Width: Fifty feet (50').

E. Minimum Yard Requirements:

- Front And Corner Side Yards: Fifteen feet (15'), Exceptions to this
 requirement may be authorized through the conditional building and site
 design review process, subject to the requirements of Part V, Chapter 21A.59
 of this Title, and the review and approval of the Planning Commission.
 Exceptions to the minimum setback are limited to the two lower levels of the
 building only; the main tower of the building must maintain the minimum
 setback. Exceptions are limited to structural elements that enhance the
 pedestrian experience of the space such as, but not limited to, patio covers,
 building entry canopies, etc.
- 2. Interior Side Yards: None required.
- Rear Yards: None required.
- 4. Buffer Yards: All lots abutting property in a residential district shall conform to the buffer yard requirement of Part IV, Chapter 21A.48 of this Title.
- Accessory Buildings And Structures In Yards: Accessory buildings and structures may be located in a required yard subject to Table 21A.36.020B of this Title.
- 6. Maximum building setback: 25 feet. Exceptions to this requirement may be authorized through the conditional building and site design review process, subject to the requirements of Part V, Chapter 21A.59 of this Title, and the review and approval of the Planning Commission. The majority of the ground level facade of a building shall be placed parallel, and not at an angle, to the street. Where an arcade facing the street is provided, the maximum setback for the building shall be measured to the supporting beams for the arcade or the facade of the upper floors, not the facade of the arcade level. The Planning Director, in consultation with the Transportation Director, may modify this requirement if the adjacent public sidewalk is substandard and the resulting modification to the setback results in a more efficient public sidewalk. The Planning Director may waive this requirement for any addition, expansion, or intensification, which increases the floor area or parking requirement by less than 50% if the Planning Director finds the following:
- a. The architecture of the addition is compatible with the architecture of the original structure or the surrounding architecture.

- b. The addition is not part of a series of incremental additions intended to subvert the intent of the ordinance.
- Any appeal of an Administrative Decision made pursuant to subsection E.6 may be made to the Planning Commission.
- F. Landscape Yard Requirements: A landscape yard of fifteen feet (15') shall be required on all front and corner side yards, conforming to the requirements of Section 21A.48.090 and subsection 21A.48.100C of this Title, except as authorized as a conditional use, subject to conformance with the standards and procedures of Part V, Chapter 21A.54 of this Title.
- G. Maximum Non-residential Building Height: The maximum building height in the TC-75 zoning district shall not exceed thirty feet (30') for those buildings used exclusively for non-residential purposes.
 - 1. Additional building square footage may be allowed up to a maximum building height of seventy-five feet (75') [or to a building height of one-hundred and twenty-five feet (125') through the conditional building and site design review process, subject to conformance with the standards and procedures of Part V, Chapter 21A.59 of this Title and conformity with applicable Master Plan policy] provided that for each additional floor of non-residential use above thirty feet (30'), the equivalent amount of square footage, inclusive of the first thirty feet (30') is required to be built as residential square footage.
 - 2. The residential component may be transferred off-site to another property in the TC-50 or TC-75 zoning districts along the 400 South Street frontage generally located between 200 East and 925 East. For such off-site residential configuration, the amount of residential development required is equal to the square footage of the total amount of square footage obtained for the nonresidential floors rising in the total project.
 - 3. For those developments where the required residential component is transferred off-site, prior to the issuance of a building permit for the non-residential structure, the applicant must identify specifically where the residential structure will be located in the area zoned TC-50 or TC-75 along to 400 South Street corridor generally located between 200 East and 900 East and enter into a development agreement with the City to ensure the construction of the residential structure in a timely manner. In such cases where the residential use is built off-site, one of the following shall apply:
 - a. Construction of the off-site residential use must be progressing beyond the footings and foundation stage, prior to the non-residential portion of the development obtaining a certificate of occupancy, or b. A financial assurance that construction of the off-site residential use will commence within two (2) years of receiving a certificate of occupancy for the non-residential component of the development. The financial assurance shall be in an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of the construction valuation for the residential component of the development as determined by the Building Official. The City shall call the financial assurance and deposit the proceeds in the City's

Housing Trust Fund if construction has not commenced within two (2) years of the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for the non-residential component of the development.

- 4. Maximum building height may be obtained to one hundred and twenty-five feet (125') for any building subject to at least ninety percent (90%) of all parking for said building being provided as structured parking.
- H. Maximum Residential Building Height: No residential building, or mixed use building shall exceed seventy five feet (75') in height. Building heights in excess of seventy-five (75) feet, but not more than one hundred and twenty-five feet (125 feet) may be approved through the conditional building and site design review process, subject to conformance with the standards and procedures of Part V, Chapter 21 A.59 of this Title and conformity with applicable Master Plan policy
 - 1. Maximum building height may be obtained to one hundred and twenty-five feet (125') where at least ninety percent (90%) of all parking for said building is provided as structured parking.
 - 2. The ground floor shall include either non-residential uses or public service portions of residential buildings.
- I. Restrictions On Parking Lots And Structures: The following regulations shall apply to surface or above ground parking facilities.
 - 1. Block Corner Areas: Within block corner areas, surface parking lots and structures shall be located behind principal buildings, or at least sixty feet (60') from front and corner side lot lines.
 - 2. Mid-Block Areas: Within the mid-block areas, parking structures shall be located behind principal buildings, or above the first level, or at least thirty feet (30') from front and corner side lot lines. A modification to this requirement may be granted as a conditional use, subject to conformance with the standards and procedures of Part V, Chapter 21A.54 of this Title. Parking structures located above the first level and less than 30 feet from a front or corner side yard shall meet the following:
 - a. Retail goods/service establishments, offices and/or restaurants shall be provided on the first floor adjacent to the front or corner side lot line.
 - b. Levels of parking above the first level facing the front or corner side lot line shall have floors and/or facades that are horizontal, not sloped. Mid-block surface parking lots shall have a twenty-five foot (25') landscaped setback.
 - 3. Accessory and Commercial Parking Structures: Accessory parking structures, built prior to the principal use, and commercial parking structures, shall be permitted as conditional uses with the approval of the Planning Commission pursuant to the provisions of Part V, Chapter 21A.54 of this Title.
 - 4. Below ground Parking Facilities: No special design and setback restrictions shall apply to below ground parking facilities.

5. Landscape Requirements: Surface parking lots shall meet interior landscaped requirements as outlined in Chapter 21A.48 of this Title.

-2-

- 6. The Planning Director may modify or waive this requirement if the Planning Director finds the following:
 - a. The parking is compatible with the architecture/design of the original structure or the surrounding architecture.
 - b. The parking is not part of a series of incremental additions intended to subvert the intent of the ordinance.
 - c. The horizontal landscaping is replaced with vertical screening in the form of berms, plant materials, architectural features, fencing and/or other forms of screening.
 - d. The landscaped setback is consistent with the surrounding neighborhood character.
 - e. The overall project is consistent with Chapter 21A.59.060.

Any appeal of an Administrative Decision made pursuant to subsection I.6 may be made to the Planning Commission.

- 7. Conditional building and site design review: A modification to the restrictions on parking lots and structures provisions of this Section may be authorized as conditional building and site design review, subject to the requirements of Part V, Chapter 21A.59 of this Title, and the review and approval of the Planning Commission
- J. Minimum First Floor Glass: The first floor elevation facing a street of all new buildings, or buildings in which the property owner is modifying the size of windows on the front façade, shall not have less than forty percent (40%) glass surfaces. There must be visual clearance behind the glass for a minimum of two feet (2'). All first floor glass shall be non-reflective. The reflectivity in glass shall be limited to eighteen percent (18%) as defined by ASTA Standards. Display windows that are three-dimensional (3-D) and are at least two feet (2') deep are permitted and may be counted toward the forty percent (40%) glass requirement. Exceptions to this requirement may be authorized as conditional building and site design review, subject to the requirements of Part V, Chapter 21A.59 of this Title, and the review and approval of the Planning Commission. The Planning Director may approve a modification to this requirement if the Planning Director finds:
- a. The requirement would negatively impact the historic character of the building, or
- b. The requirement would negatively impact the structural stability of the building.
- c. The ground level of the building is occupied by residential uses, in which case the forty percent (40%) glass requirement may be reduced to twenty-five percent (25%).

Any appeal of an Administrative Decision made pursuant to subsection J may be made to the Planning Commission.

K. Doors and Facades: Provide at least one operable building entrance per elevation that faces a public street. Buildings that face multiple streets are only required to

have one door on either street, if the facades for both streets meet the forty percent (40%) glass requirement as outlined in Section 21A.26.077.J.

- L. Maximum Length of blank walls: The maximum length of any blank wall uninterrupted by windows, doors, art or architectural detailing at the first floor level shall be fifteen feet (15').
- M. Density: There is no maximum residential density.

SECTION 2. Sections 21A.44.040.C.7 and 8 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and hereby are enacted to read as follows:

21A.44.040.C.8 TC-75 District:

- a. For non-residential uses in the TC-75 district, no off-street parking shall be required for the first five thousand (5,000) square feet of floor area. For all non-residential uses with more than five thousand (5,000) square feet, the parking requirement shall be one space per one thousand (1,000) square feet of gross floor area, including the initial five thousand (5,000) square feet.
- b. All residential parking requirements listed in Table 21A.44.060F are reduced by fifty percent (50%) within the TC-75 Zoning District.

SECTION 3. Section 21A.48.080.C.12 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and

hereby is enacted to read as follows:

21A.48.080.C.12 TC-75 District:

Lots in the TC-75 District which abut a lot in a residential district, shall provide a ten (10) foot landscaped buffer.

SECTION 4. Section 21A.54.150.E.4 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and hereby is enacted to read as follows:

21A.54.150.E.4 Planned developments within the, TC-75, RB, RMU, MU, CN, CB, and CSHBD zoning districts and the South State Street Overlay. Also planned developments within the CS zoning district, when the district is adjacent to more than 60% residential zoning (within 300 feet, either on the same block or across the street).

Planned developments within these zoning districts may be approved subject to consideration of the following general conceptual guidelines (a positive finding for each is not required):

- a. The development shall be primarily oriented to the street, not an interior courtyard or parking lot,
- b. The primary access shall be oriented to the pedestrian and mass transit,

- c. The façade shall maintain detailing and glass in sufficient quantities to facilitate pedestrian interest and interaction,
- d. Architectural detailing shall emphasize the pedestrian level of the building,
- e. Parking lots shall be appropriately screened and landscaped to minimize their impact on the neighborhood,
- f. Parking lot lighting shall be shielded to eliminate excessive glare or light into adjacent neighborhoods,
- g. Dumpsters and loading docks shall be appropriately screened or located within the structure, and
- h. Signage shall emphasize the pedestrian/mass transit orientation.

SECTION 5. The table located at Section 21A.54.150.E.2 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and hereby is amended to read as set forth on Exhibit "A" attached hereto.

SECTION 6. Section 21A.46.095 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and hereby is enacted to read as follows:

21A.46.095 Sign Regulations for Transit Corridor Districts:

The following regulations shall apply to signs permitted in transit corridor districts. Any sign not expressly permitted by these district regulations is prohibited.

- a. Sign regulations for the TC-75 transit corridor district:
 - 1. Purpose: Sign regulations for the TC-75 district are intended to provide for appropriate signage oriented primarily to pedestrian and mass transit traffic.
 - 2. Applicability: Regulations on Table 21A.46.095.A.3 of this section shall apply to all lots within the TC-50 and TC-75 districts.

SECTION 7. The table located at Section 21A.46.095.A.3 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and hereby is enacted as set forth on Exhibit "B" attached hereto.

SECTION 8. The table located at Section 21A.26.080 of the Salt Lake City

Code entitled "Table of Permitted and Conditional Uses for Commercial Districts," shall
be and hereby is amended to read as set forth on Exhibit "C" attached hereto.

SECTION 9. The table located at Section 21A.26.090 of the Salt Lake City

Code entitled "Summary Table of Yard and Bulk requirements - Commercial Districts,"

shall be and hereby is amended to read as set forth on Exhibit "D" attached hereto.

SECTION 10. Section 21A.62.040 of the Salt Lake City Code shall be and hereby is amended to include the following definitions in alphabetical order:

"Block corner" means the ninety degree (90°) intersection of private property adjacent to the intersection of two public street rights of way both of which are at least 132 feet wide. When applied to corner buildings, the provisions of this ordinance shall extend to 165 feet from the block corner on the street face and 165 feet in depth.

"Corner building" means a building, the structure of which rises above the ground within 100 feet of a block corner on the street face and 100 feet in depth.

"Mid-block area" means an area of development not deemed to be a block corner.

SECTION 11. The properties located along the East-West light rail corridor on 400 South, which are more particularly identified on Exhibit "E" attached hereto, shall be and hereby are rezoned from commercial corridor (CC) to transit oriented district (TC-75).

SECTION 12. Amending of zoning map. The Salt Lake City zoning map, as adopted by the Salt Lake City Code, relating to the fixing of boundaries and zoning districts, shall be and hereby is amended consistent with the rezoning identified above.

SECTION 13. Amendment of Master Plan. To the extent necessary, the Central Community Master Plan shall be and hereby is amended consistent with the rezoning identified above.

SECTION 14. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective on the date of its first publication.

Passed by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah, this	day of
, 2005.	
CHAIRPERSON	
ATTEST AND COUNTERSIGN:	
CHIEF DEPUTY CITY RECORDER	
Transmitted to Mayor on	
Mayor's Action:ApprovedVetoed.	
·	
MAYOR	
CHIEF DEPUTY CITY RECORDER	Salt Lake City Attorney's Office
	Date Recomber 6 2005 By Melani Bil
(SEAL)	Jesame Med
Bill No. of 2005.	, D
Published:	

I:\Ordinance 05\Rezoning east-west light rail corridor - Alternative B - 12-01-05 draft.doc

EXHIBIT A

District	Minimum Planned Development Size
Residential Districts	Translating 1 Million 1501 (150 Million 1512)
FR-1/43,560 Foothills Estate Residential District	5 acres
FR-2/21,780 Foothills Residential District	5 acres
FR-3/12,000 Foothills residential District	5 acres
R-1/12,000 Single-Family Residential District	5 acres
R-1/7,000 Single-Family Residential District	20,000 square feet
R-1/5,000 Single-Family Residential District	20,000 square feet
SR-1 Special Develo0pment Pattern Residential District	9,000 square feet
SR-2 Special Development Patter Residential	Reserved
SR-3 Interior Block Single-Family Residential District	9,000 square feet
R-2 Single and Two-Family Residential District	9,000 square feet
RMF-30 Low Density Multi-Family Residential District	9,000 square feet
RMF-35 Moderate Density Multi-Family Residential	9,000 square feet
District	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
RMF-45 Moderate / High Density Multi-Family	20,000 square feet
Residential District	20,000 544410 1001
RMF-75 High Density Multi-Family District	20,000 square feet
RO Residential/Office District	20,000 square feet
RB Residential/Business District	20,000 square feet
R-MU Residential/Mixed Use District	20,000 square feet
Commercial Districts	
CN Neighborhood Commercial District	20,000 square feet
CB Community Business District	20,000 square feet
CS Community Shopping District	60,000 square feet
CC Corridor Commercial District	20,000 square feet
CSHBD Sugar House Business District	20,000 square feet
CG General Commercial District	1 acre
TC-75 Transit Corridor	No minimum required
Manufacturing District	
M-1 Light Manufacturing District	2 acres
M-2 General Manufacturing District	2 acres
Downtown Districts	
D-1 Central Business District	2 acres
D-2 Downtown Support Commercial District	2 acres
D-3 Downtown Warehouse/Residential District	1 acre
Special Purpose Districts	
RP Research Park District	10 acres
BP Business Park District	10 acres
FP Foothills Protection District	32 acres
AG Agricultural District	10 acres
AG-2 Agricultural District	4 acres
AG-5 Agricultural District	10 acres
AG-20 Agricultural District	40 acres
A Airport District	2 acres
PL Public Lands District	5 acres
I Institutional District	5 acres
UI Urban Institutional District	1 acre
OS Open Space District	2 acres
MH Mobile Home Park District	10 acres
EI Extractive Industries District	10 acres

EXHIBIT B

Types Of Signs Permitted	Maximum Area Per Sign Face In Square Feet	Maximum Height Of Freestanding Signs In Feet ¹	Minimum Setback ²	Number Of Signs Permitted Per Sign Type	Limit On Combined Number Of Signs
Flat sign (storefront orientation) ⁴	1.5 sq. ft. per linear ft. of store frontage 5	(see note 1 below)	N/A	1 per business or storefront	None
Flat sign (general building orientation)	1.5 sq. ft. per linear ft. of building face 5	(see note 1 below)	N/A	l per building face	None
Projecting business storefront sign	4 sq. feet per side; 8 sq. feet total	(see note 1 below) Sign face limited to 2 feet in height	May extend 4 feet from the face of the building, but no more than 2 ft. from back of curb 6	l per business entry to the street	None
Projecting parking entry sign	4 sq. feet per side; 8 sq. feet total	(see note 1 below) Sign face limited to 2 feet in height	May extend 4 feet from the face of the building, but no more than 2 ft. from back of curb 6	I per driveway or parking lot entry	None
Marquee sign	Subject only to subsection 21A.46.070.O. of this Chapter			1 per storefront	None
Awning/canopy signs	1 sq. ft. per linear ft. of storefront (sign area only)	(see note 1 below)	May extend 6 ft. from face of building, but no more than 2 ft. from back of curb 6	1 per first floor door/window	None
Monument sign	100 sq. ft.	12 ft.	None	1 per street frontage	
Construction sign	64 sq. ft.	12 ft.	5 ft.	2 per building	None
Political sign	32 sq. ft.	8 ft.	5 ft.	No limit	None
Real estate sign	64 sq. ft.	12 ft.	5 ft.	1 per building	None
Private directional sign	8 sq. ft.	4 ft.	5 ft.	No limit	None
New development sign	80 sq. ft.	12 ft.	5 ft.	1 per development	None
Window sign	25% of total frontage window area per use	(see note 1 below)	N/A	No limit	None
Public safety sign	8 sq. ft.	6 ft.	5 ft.	No limit	None
Nameplate, identifying building name	3 sq. ft.	8 ft.	N/A	1 per building	None

- For height limits on building signs, see subsection 21A.46.070J of this Chapter.
 Not applicable to temporary signs mounted as flat signs.

- 3. The total number of signs permitted from the sign types combined.
- 4. Storefront flat signs limited to locations on the lower 2 floors.
 5. A single tenant building may combine the square footage total of both the storefront orientation and the general building orientation flat signs to construct one larger sign.
- 6. Public property lease and insurance required for projection over property line.

(Ord. 83-98 § 11 (Exh. F), 1998)

Exhibit C

21A.26.080 Table Of Permitted And Conditional Uses For Commercial Districts:

LEGEND

PERMITTED AND CONDITIONAL USES, BY DISTRICT COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS

C = Conditional Use

P = Permitted Use

Use Use	CN	СВ	CC	CS	CSHB	CG	<u>TC-75</u>
T	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	D	<u> </u>	l <u></u>
Residential						T	
Assisted living		P	P			P	<u>P</u>
center, large		<u> </u>					
Assisted living		P	P			P	<u>P</u>
center, small		<u> </u>				<u> </u>	
Dwelling units,	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
including multi-				ļ]
family dwellings,						1	
above or below first							
story office, retail							}
and commercial uses							
or on the first story,							
as defined in the							
Uniform Building					1		
Code, where the unit]					
is not located		ļ	1				
adjacent to the street							
frontage							
Dwelling: Single							<u>P</u>
Room Occupancy ⁵							
Group home, large			C			C	<u>P</u>
(see Section				ļ	1		
21A.36.070 of this	}						
Title)							
Group home, small	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
(see Section			}	}		1	
21A.36.070 of this	Ì						
Title) above or							
below first story							
office, retail and							
commercial uses or							
on the first story, as							
defined in the							
Uniform Building							
Code where the unit							

	T				·	 .	
is not located							
adjacent to the street							
frontage	,						
Halfway homes (see						C	
Section 21A.36.110							
of this Title)							
Living quarters for	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
caretaker or security							
guard	<u>L</u>						
Multi-family					P		<u>P</u>
residential							_
Nursing home		P	P			P	P
Residential	<u> </u>		C			С	<u>C</u>
substance abuse							-
treatment home,							
large (see Section							
21A.36.100 of this							
Title)							
Residential	ļ <u> </u>		C		<u> </u>	C	<u>C</u>
substance abuse							=
treatment home,							1
small (see Section							
21A.36.100 of this							
Title)							
Transitional	 -	· 	C			C	<u>C</u>
treatment home,	1					1	=
large (see Section						1	
21A.36.090 of this							
Title)							
Transitional	1		C	-		C	<u>C</u>
treatment home,							=
_	ĺ						
small (see Section 21A.36.090 of this							
Title)							
Transitional victim	-		С			10	
						C	<u>C</u>
home, large (see Section 21A.36.080							
of this Title)	ļ		C			<u> </u>	
Transitional victim						C	<u>C</u>
home, small (see							
Section 21A.36.080							
of this Title)	[]						
Office And Related	Uses	75	T-D			T. D.	
Financial institution,		P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
with drive-through							
facilities							

Financial	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
institutions, without	*	1	1	1	*	-	-
drive-through							
facilities							
Medical and dental	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
clinics	1	-	-	^	_	1	
Offices	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Veterinary offices,		P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
operating entirely							-
within an enclosed	1						
building and keeping							}
animals overnight]				
only for treatment			İ				
purposes							
Retail Sales And Ser	vices	- 					
Auction sales	<u> </u>	1	P			P	
Automobile repair,	-		P	C		P	<u>C</u>
major							_
Automobile repair,	C	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
minor							_
Automobile			P		-	P	
sales/rental and							
service							
Boat/recreational			P			P	
vehicle sales and							
service							
Car wash as		P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
accessory use to gas							_
station or							
convenience store							
that sells gas							
Car wash, with or			P	P		P	<u>C</u>
without gasoline							
sales							
Department stores				P	P		
Equipment rental,			P			P	<u>C</u>
indoor and outdoor							
Furniture repair shop		P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
Gas station (may	P	P	P	P	P	P	
include accessory							
convenience retail							
and/or "minor							
repairs" as defined in							
Part VI, Chapter							
21A.62 of this Title)						<u> </u>	<u> </u>

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Health and fitness facility		P	P	P	P	С	P
Liquor store		C	С	С	C	C	<u>C</u>
Manufactured/mobil e home sales and						P	
service							
Pawnshop						P	
Restaurant, with	C	- P	P	P	P	- Î	<u>C</u>
drive-through			^	1	1		
facilities							
Restaurants, without	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
drive-through			-	-			=
facilities							
Retail goods	C	P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
establishments with		[
drive-through							
facilities							
Retail goods	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
establishments							-
without drive-							
through facilities							
Retail services	C	P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
establishments with		Ì		1			
drive-through	1						
facilities							
Retail services	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
establishments							
without drive-							
through facilities							
Truck repair, large						P	
Truck sales and	1		P			P	
rental, large							
Upholstery shop		P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
Value						P	
retail/membership							
wholesale	<u> </u>						
Institutional Uses (si							
Adult daycare center	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Child daycare center	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
Community	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
recreation centers on							
lots less than 4 acres							
in size							
Government	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
facilities (excluding							
those of an industrial							

nature and prisons)		1					
Museum		P	P	P	P		P
		<u> </u>	F	<u> </u>			$-\frac{L}{P}$
Medical/Dental research facilities							F
		P	P	P	P		<u>P</u>
Music conservatory		P	P	P	P	P	
Places of worship on lots less than 4 acres		P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
in size							
		-	_				
<u>Research,</u> <u>commercial,</u>							<u>P</u>
scientific,							
educational							
Schools,	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
professional and	F	-	r	l r	l r		<u> </u>
vocational							
	nn faats						
Commercial And Ma	nulacu	iring				P	
Bakery, commercial	<u> </u>						
Blacksmith shop			+		<u> </u>	P	
Blood donation			C		l	P	
centers, commercial							
and not accessory to							
a hospital or medical							
clinic		<u> </u>					
Cabinet and			1			P	
woodworking mills							
Commercial			1			P	
laundries, linen							
service and dry							
cleaning							_
Industrial assembly		<u></u> .				P	
Laboratory; medical,			P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
dental optical							
Laboratory; testing			C	C		P	<u>C</u>
Mini-warehouse			P			P	<u>C</u>
Motion picture				P	P	P	P
studio							
Photo finishing lab			P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
Plant and garden	C	C	C	C	C	P	<u>P</u>
shop, with outdoor							
retail sales area							
Sign						P	
painting/fabrication							
Warehouse			P			P	
Welding shop						P	
Wholesale			P			P	
distributors							

<u>,</u>

Recreation, Cultural	And E	ntertain	ment				
Amusement park			<u> </u>	P		P	
Art gallery	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Art studio	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Commercial indoor	 		P	P	P	P	P
recreation			-	-	-	-	
Commercial outdoor	·			C		P	<u>c</u>
recreation							_
Commercial video			P		P	P	P
arcade							-
Dance studio	P	P	P	- P	P	P	P
Live performance	-	 	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
theaters	ł						-
Miniature golf			P	P		P	P
Movie theaters	,			P	P	P	P
Natural open space	C	С	C	C	C	С	<u>C</u>
and conservation							_
areas							
Parks and	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
playgrounds, public					- [-
and private, on lots							1
less than 4 acres in							
size							
Pedestrian pathways,	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
trails, and greenways							
Private club		C	C	_ P	P	P	<u>C</u>
Sexually oriented						P	
businesses							
Squares and plazas	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
on lots less than 4							
acres in size							
Tavern/lounge/brew			P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
pub; 2,500 square							
feet or less in floor						İ	
area							
Tavern/lounge/brew			C	C	P	P	<u>C</u>
pub; more than 2,500 square feet in							
floor area							
Miscellaneous							
Accessory uses,	P	P	P	P	P	P	D
except those that are	1	1	1.	1	1	r	<u>P</u>
specifically							
regulated in this							
Chapter, or							
elsewhere in this							
MANA III MILLO							

Title	\Box			<u> </u>			
Ambulance services,	T	 -	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
dispatching, staging					-	-	1-
and maintenance	1			}			
conducted entirely							
within an enclosed							
building							
Ambulance services,						P	
dispatching, staging						"	
and maintenance							
utilizing outdoor							ĺ
operations							
Auditorium			P	P	P	P	P
Auto salvage	 	<u> </u>				P	
(indoor)							
Bed and breakfast	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Bed and breakfast	P	- - P	P	- P	P	P	P
inn	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Bed and breakfast	C^3	C^3	P		P	P	<u>P</u>
manor			1		1	•	1-
Bus line terminals			P			P	<u>C</u>
Bus line yards and	 		<u> </u>		 -	P	
repair facilities						1	
Commercial parking	 		${\mathbf{C}}$		P	P	<u>C</u>
garage or lot							
Communication		P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
towers							
Communication		C	C	C	С	С	<u>C</u>
towers, exceeding							
the maximum							
building height							
Contractor's			C			P	
yard/office					-		
(including outdoor							
storage)	L						
Farmers' market			C	C		P	<u>C</u>
Flea market (indoor)			P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
Flea market						P	
(outdoor)							
Funeral home			P	P	P	P	<u>C</u>
Homeless shelter						С	
Hotel or motel			P		P	P	
							C
Kennels						P	
Limousine service,						P	
utilizing 4 or more							

limousines	Τ						
Limousine service,	·	C	C	- 		P	
utilizing not more						-	
than 3 limousines							
Micro brewery						P	
Park and ride lots		C	C	$\frac{1}{C}$	P	P	C
Park and ride,		P	P	P	P	P	P
parking shared with			1	1	1	^	=
existing use							
Pet cemeteries ⁴						P	
Off-site parking; as	 		P		C	P	<u>C</u>
per Chapter 21A.44			1			•	<u> </u>
of this Title							
Outdoor sales and	. —	C	P	C	P	P	<u>C</u>
display			1		1	1	-
Outdoor storage	ļ		C			P	
Outdoor storage,	 		$\frac{C}{C}$		 -	P	
public						1	
Precision equipment	·		P			P	
repair shops			1.			1	
Public/private utility	C	C	P	P	C	P	<u>P</u>
buildings and	~		1*	1		1	-
structures							
Public/private utility	P		P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
transmission wires,	1	1	1	*	1	^	-
lines, pipes and							
poles ²							
Radio, television	 			C	P	P	<u>P</u>
station					-		_
Recreational vehicle			C				-
park (minimum 1							
acre)							
Recycling collection	P	P	P	P	P	P	
station							
Reverse vending	P	P	P	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
machines							
Taxicab facilities,	1					P	
dispatching, staging							
and maintenance							
Temporary labor						P	
hiring office							
Vehicle auction use						P	
Wireless							
telecommunications							
facility (see Table							
21A.40.090E of this							

	T	•			
Ti41al					
1 111161	I I				
11110)					

Qualifying Provisions:

- 1. Development in the CS District and CSHBD District shall be subject to planned development approval pursuant to the provisions of Section 21A.54.150 of this Title.
- 2. See subsection 21A.02.050B of this Title for utility regulations.
- 3. When located in a building listed on the Salt Lake City Register of Cultural Resources (see subsections 21A.24.010S of this Part and 21A.26.010K of this Chapter).
- 4. Subject to Salt Lake City/County Health Department approval.
- 5. Subject to location restrictions as per Section 21A.36.190

(Ord. 38-99 § 6, 1999: Ord. 35-99 § 29, 1999: Ord. 19-98 § 2, 1998: amended during 5/96 supplement: Ord. 88-95 § 1 (Exh. A), 1995: Ord. 84-95 § 1 (Exh. A), 1995: Ord. 26-95 § 2(13-7), 1995)

21A.26.090 Summary Table Of Yard And Bulk Requirements-Commercial Districts: EXHIBIT D

		8					CS										CB					CN		2	2 0	Symb	S	Distri
	Commercial	Corridor				Shopping	Community									Business	Community				Commercial	Neighborhood						District Name
	minimum	10,000 sf		pad sites	excluding	minimum	$60,000 \mathrm{sf}$					uses	conditional	acres are	lots over 4	minimum;	No	16,500 sf	lot area:	Maximum	minimum	No			TroBarations.	Regulations	Lot Area	YARD AND BULK REGULATIONS
		75'					150'										None					None		W IGITI	117:34	To I cot	Minimu	BULK REC
		None			•		None	use	condition	> 1S 2	permitted	floor area	sf total	or 20,000	1st floor;	15,000 sf	Up to					None		SIZE	C. C. C.	Ruilding	Maximum	JULATIONS
		None					None			•							None				sf	90,000	Size	District	7 :	3	Maximu	
		30' or 2 stories					45' or 3 stories										30' or 2 stories					25' or 21/2 stories			Punding moibin	Building Height	Maximum	
		15'					30"					setback	parking	15'	otherwise	minimum;	No					15'	Side Yard	Corner		Front Or	Minimum	
	minimum	No					15'									minimum	No				minimum	No		olde Yard	E L V	Interior	Minimum	
		10'					30'										10'					10'		rard	M INCAL	m Regr	Minimu	
side yards; 15'	corner	Front and	side yards	corner	front and	15' of	The first						provided	Ħ	side yards,	corner	Front and		,	side yards	comer	Front and		Yard	Lamascape	I andscame	Required	
		7"					15'										7'					7'	Yardsi	Buller	3, 2	70	Landsca	

7.	15'	None except when adjacen to to residen tial
None	The first 10° of front or corner side yards	Front and Corner side vards
None	10,	None
No minimum	No rainimum	None None
No minimum required	10,	<u>15.</u>
90° or 6 stories Condition- al: maximum 150° or 10 stories	· 60° or 4 stories	Non-residential 30' residential 75' conditional 125'
None	None	None
20,000 sf None permitted > 20,000 sf is a conditiona l use	None	None
None	,09	20,
No minimum Multi- family: 9,000 sf for 3 units plus 500 sf'unit	10,000 sf minimum	10,000 sf minimum
Sugar House Business	General Commercial	Transit Corridor - 75
CSH BD	90	1 <u>C</u>

Additional Regulations:

maximum height, as a special exception. Modifications of more than 10 percent, but not more than 1 additional story may be approved General provisions for all commercial districts: building height modification-building height may be modified up to 10 percent of on a sloping lot as a conditional use pursuant to subsection 21A.26.010J of this Chapter.

CS District-access restrictions: driveways onto public streets shall be limited to 1 per 150 feet of frontage on arterial and major

collector streets.

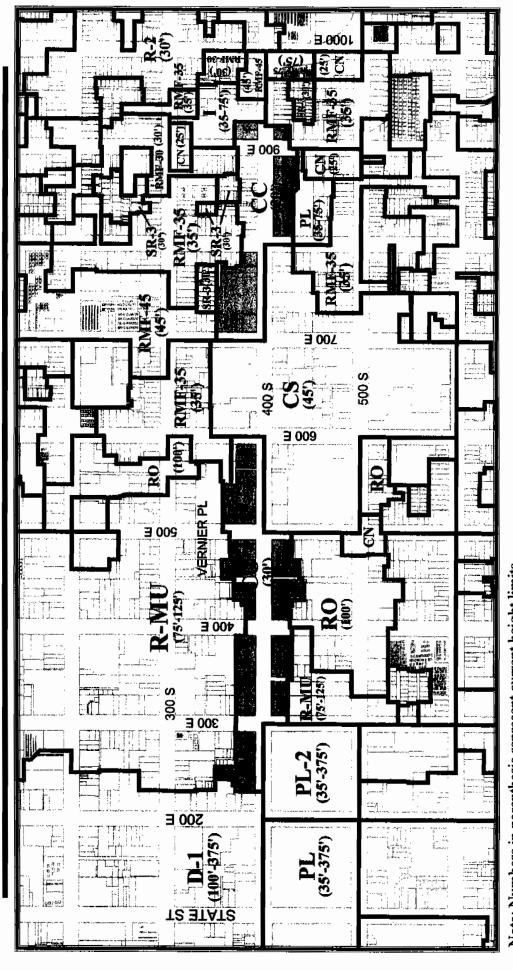
Footnotes:

1. See Chapter 21A.48 of this Title.

(Ord. 35-99 § 29, 1999; Ord. 88-95 § 1 (Exh. A), 1995; Ord. 26-95 § 2(13-8), 1995)

Exhibit E

Commercia Corridor



Note: Numbers in parenthesis represent current height limits

MAP LEGEND

TC-75 is proposed to replace CC

Salt Lake City Planning Division Geographic Information System October 2005