SALT LAKE CITY COUNCIL STAFF REPORT

DATE: April 28, 2009

SUBJECT: BUDGET FOR THE METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT OF SALT

LAKE & SANDY

STAFF REPORT BY: Lehua Weaver

CC: David Everitt, Lyn Creswell, Mike Wilson, Josh DeBry, Jeff

Niermeyer, Jim Lewis, Gina Chamness, Randy Hillier

The Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake & Sandy (the "District") is proposing an operating budget of \$12,422,703 for fiscal year 2009-10. The proposed operating budget represents an increase of \$210,547 or 1.7%, which is mainly due to an increase in the costs for chemicals and supplies, and personal services increases. In addition, the District is proposing a budget for capital improvements of \$8,681,111.

As a member city, Salt Lake City directly contributes approximately \$23 million annually toward the Metropolitan Water District Budget. This budgetary relationship is similar for Sandy City (as the other member city of the District); however, their assessments and purchases are proportionately less, due to their smaller population size and cost allocations based on cost of service. These budget items include:

a. \$7,021,892	An annual assessment to pay for master planned capital
	projects through an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement –
	included in the Public Utilities Department Budget each
	(41

year (through 2035). (Sandy City pays \$4,210,322.)

b. \$9,552,000 Anticipated annual purchase of water from the District for

sale and use through the Public Utilities water service – included in the Public Utilities Department Budget for 48,000 acre feet of water. (Sandy City purchases

approximately 18,000 a.f.; \$3,582,000.)

c. \$6,427,137 Property taxes assessed to Salt Lake City residents. (Sandy

City tax revenue is estimated at \$2,195,212.) (Not including

fees in lieu of taxes, or prior year tax revenues.)

The District's Board is made up of two members appointed by the Sandy City Council and five members appointed by the Salt Lake City Council. The extensive water treatment and delivery functions allow the District to provide water to both member cities through purchase agreements, and sales to other entities, as water is available. (For more information about the District, please refer to the "Background" section at the end of this report.)

The Council has traditionally received a briefing on the proposed budget for the Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake & Sandy, but is not required to take any official action.

Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake & Sandy								
Pro	posed Budget	for FY 2009-10						
	2008-09	2009-10		Percent				
	Budget	Proposed	Difference	Change				
Sources of Funds								
Water sales & other	\$13,333,562	\$14,693,700	1,360,138	10.2%				
operating revenue								
Tax revenue	9,186,332	9,352,808	166,476	1.8%				
Interest revenue	881,090	1,092,549	211,459	24.0%				
Lab fees, power and	22,300	19,400	(2,900)	-13.0%				
miscellaneous								
Vehicle sales	-	18,000.00	18,000					
Assessments	11,263,580	11,287,245	23,665	0.2%				
Other Revenues	68,657	51,744	(16,913)	-24.6%				
Bond Proceeds	-	-	_					
Use of prior bond	-	-	-					
proceeds/reserves								
Total sources of funds	\$34,755,522	\$36,515,445	1,759,923	5.1%				
Uses of Funds								
Operations								
Salaries, wages & benefits	\$5,387,074	\$5,503,373	116,299	2.2%				
Professional & contractual	2,108,205	2,001,502	(106,703)	-5.1%				
services								
Utilities	1,554,579	1,561,282	6,703	0.4%				
Repairs & maintenance	528,655	500,314	(28,341)	-5.4%				
Chemicals & supplies	1,631,619	1,833,426	201,807	12.4%				
Property & liability insurance	499,090	502,246	3,156	0.6%				
Other expenses	552,205	520,560	(31,645)	-5.7%				
Operating Expenses	\$ 12,261,427	\$ 12,422,703	161,276	1.3%				
Water Assessments	4,475,200	4,668,317	193,117	4.3%				
(PRWUA / CUP)			·					
Debt service (principal only)	3,765,000	4,500,000	735,000	19.5%				
Interest expense	11,848,763	12,194,877	346,114	2.9%				
Capital improvements &	7,264,124	8,681,111	1,416,987	19.5%				
Equipment	, ,	, ,	, , -					
Total uses of funds	\$39,614,514	\$42,467,008	2,852,494	7.2%				

KEY ELEMENTS

The major changes reflected in the District's proposed budget include:

Revenues

The District has two options for increasing revenues: either through the rates for the cost of water sold to member cities and other buyers, or through a property tax increase. The reasons to increase property taxes include: to relieve strain on member cities water funds, which is where the water sale price increase is felt most, and to maintain the balance between the tax revenues and the District's operating expenses.

For Salt Lake City, there has consistently been debate between revenues generated by the property taxes or through the water sales to Salt Lake City. Property taxes only come from Salt Lake City residents, however the unincorporated County residents in the City's service area also benefit from the water and the treatments. They would share the cost in the scenario where water sale prices are increased.

• Water Sale Revenue (\$1,360,138, 10.2% increase) – The charge per acre foot of water is proposed to be increased from \$200 to \$213. This budget anticipates 48,000 acre feet to be purchased by Salt Lake City, and 18,000 a.f. by Sandy City. The budget also includes anticipated sales to other utilities, as long as the requirements to Salt Lake and Sandy are met.

The District, in open discussions with member cities, is also considering implementation of a peak and non-peak rate for the water sales to cities (including non-member water sales). A non-peak rate of \$113 would be applied to sales between October and June, and a peak rate of \$313 would be applied between July and September. These rates also include the application of a \$13 conveyance fee.

From the District's perspective, this allows member cities to rely less on their on wells because of the lower non-peak rate, and cycles more water through the District's system allowing for healthier aquifers. The change to a peak / non-peak structure would be revenue neutral for the District.

The Council may wish to ask how the conversations are going with member cities about this proposed change.

• <u>Tax Revenue (\$166,476 increase; 1.8%)</u> – The District's budget proposes to maintain the .00035 tax rate. As such, tax revenues are expected to increase overall by \$166,476.

The total revenue budgeted from Salt Lake City property taxes is \$6,427,137, which is a \$126,022 increase over the current fiscal year.

Tax Revenues Comparisor	1			
	2008-09	2009-10		Percent
	Budget	Proposed	Difference	Change
SLC Taxes	6,301,115	6,427,137	126,022	2.0%
Sandy Taxes	2,152,168	2,195,212	43,044	2.0%
PILOT	557,890	541,398	(16,492)	-3.0%
Prior Year's	139,153	189,061	49,908	35.9%
Judgment Levy*	36,006	-	(36,006)	-100.0%
-	\$ 9,186,332	\$ 9,352,808	166,476	1.8%

^{*} No judgment levy amount is budgeted, but will likely be approved once the District knows the amount from the County.

The proposal to maintain the tax rate at .00035 was introduced in 2006, which was the first year that the District had raised taxes since 1984. The District Board has adopted a policy to go through the Truth in Taxation process every year in order to maintain this .00035 rate. This provides the District with an increase in tax revenue each year as the

values of properties increase, and it addresses the certified tax rate diminishing over time, which would necessitates a large increase sometime in the future.

Maintaining the .00035 tax rate will result in a property tax increase to Salt Lake City and Sandy residents. For Salt Lake City residents, this increase would represent approximately a \$0.96 on a \$250,000 home per year, for a total annual tax of \$49.08. In calculating anticipated revenue increases, the District has used assumed a 2% increase in property valuation this year. In previous years, a higher percentage increase was assumed based on the average 12-year growth rate of over 6% for both Salt Lake and Sandy City values.

Given the current real estate climate, the Council may wish to ask where the budget would be adjusted in the event that the property tax revenue does not materialize, or even decreases.

The District would hold a Truth in Taxation hearing regarding the proposed increase in August.

- <u>Interest revenue (\$211,459 increase)</u> Two bonds have reserve requirements until the bonds are paid off, and those reserve accounts can earn interest, which will increase the amount of interest the District expects to earn in the coming year.
- <u>Annual assessments to member cities</u> In fiscal year 2008-09, Salt Lake City's Department of Public Utilities will be assessed \$7 million for the city's share of the Point of the Mountain Treatment Plant constructed by the Metropolitan Water District. The assessment will continue at the \$7 million level until the last assessment in fiscal year 2034-35, which will be \$3.5 million. Sandy City will also be making assessment payments in the amount of \$4.2 million.

Operating Expenses

- Salaries and benefits (\$116,299 increase)
 - o Salaries (71,121 increase) The District does not propose the addition of new staff this year. However, the budget includes a 1.5% salary increase.
 - Health insurance Premiums (\$27,039 increase) The District is anticipating a 13% increase to health benefit premiums as of January of 2010. The projected increase, therefore, is based on half of the year. The District uses a Health Savings Account program for employee contributions, and this greatly assists in keeping costs lower.
 - Other benefits (\$18,140 increase) The District also provides a retirement matching program, life insurance, AD&D insurance, and a tuition aid program. There will be various modest increases in these benefits, offset with a reduction of the budget for the tuition aid program.
 - o Staffing Last year, the District authorized the temporary addition of one FTE to provide overlap training in advance of the retirement of an experienced operator. The FTE will be reduced with the retirement in late summer.

The Council may wish to discuss whether the District's proposal to provide salary increases during these economic times, especially considering what are anticipated in Salt Lake City budgets and other public entities.

- <u>Interest Expense (\$346,114 increase)</u> Last year, the District converted \$29 million of their outstanding debt to a variable rate account, with promise for maintaining a low interest rate. Although the rate is currently low, the budget includes the assumption that it will average higher. The savings that may be realized would be applied toward any future interest rate increases.
- <u>Chemicals & Supplies (\$201,807 increase)</u> due to the new treatment plant, and significant inflation to prices of certain other chemicals.

- Repairs and Maintenance (\$28,341 decrease) due to fewer anticipated repair projects.
- <u>Professional and contract services (\$106,703 decrease)</u> There are two studies that were budgeted in 2008-09 that will not continue in the next fiscal year.

Capital Improvement Projects

• <u>Capital improvement master plan</u> – The District has completed several major master plan projects, including construction of a new water treatment plant near the Point of the Mountain at 300 West 15000 South (east of I-15) in Draper, expansion of the Little Cottonwood Water Treatment Plant and installation of an aqueduct from the Point of the Mountain Water Treatment Plant to the Little Cottonwood Water Treatment Plant.

To fund the implementation of the master plan, the District secured a \$34 million revenue bond in 1999, \$20 million in 2003, \$90 million in 2004, \$82 million in 2005, and \$34 million in bonds in fiscal year 2006-07. The debt service payments for these bonds extend through 2037.

• <u>Capital improvement projects</u> – A complete list of proposed capital projects is contained in the tentative budget (attached). These projects are summarized as follows:

	-		· · (
0	\$	3,265,580	Non-capacity improvements, including Little Cottonwood Water
			Treatment Plant solids handling project and post-treatment
			chemical building, replacement at the Terminal Reservoir, lab
			equipment, etc.
0	\$	2,500,000	Land acquisition funds
0	\$	1,426,531	Improvements of Jordan Valley Water Conservancy District
			(Metropolitan Water District is a 28.6% owner of the Jordan
			Valley Plant.)
0	\$	700,000	Capacity Improvements, including final design for the Aquifer
			Storage and Recovery project at the Little Cottonwood Water
			Treatment Plant
0	\$	789,000	Capital improvements contingency (10%)

BACKGROUND

In 1935, the voters of Salt Lake City created the Metropolitan Water District in order to enter into long-term agreements to build the Provo River Project including Deer Creek Reservoir. The Bureau of Reclamation built the project, and it was necessary to enter into repayment contracts to reimburse the federal government for the construction costs plus interest. The Metropolitan Water District is a 61.7% owner of the Provo River Project. The water rights for the Provo River Project consist of water diverted from the Duchesne and Weber Rivers conveyed through a tunnel and canal system from the two basins to the Provo River for use by the Metropolitan Water District and others. In order to reimburse the Federal Government for the cost of the Provo River Project and Deer Creek Reservoir, the residents of Salt Lake City have paid property taxes since 1935. The Metropolitan Water District continues to build dams and facilities such as Little Dell Reservoir.

In 1990, Sandy City became the second member of the District. Sandy City sought membership in the District to treat its approximately 34 percent water right in Little Cottonwood Creek. Sandy City's annexation in the District increased efficiencies by consolidating water supplies and delivery systems to most of eastern Salt Lake County. As part of the agreement, the District receives water purchase revenue and ad valorem tax revenue from Sandy City. Furthermore, as a part of the annexation Salt Lake City acquired additional water rights in Little Dell Reservoir and \$4 million in water transmission mains installed on the City's west side. Also, the 1990 agreement admitting Sandy City established conjunctive water management practices among Salt Lake City, Sandy City, Jordan Valley Water Conservancy District and the Metropolitan Water District.

In 1998, the Metropolitan Water District updated its capital improvement master plan and identified \$236 million in improvements and expansion of water capacity. In 2001, the District entered into an Interlocal Agreement with Sandy and Salt Lake City for implementation of the master plan. The major project is a new water treatment plant near the Point of the Mountain in the Draper area. The Metropolitan Water District owns additional water from the Provo River Project (in non-drought years) but hasn't been able to treat and convey the water to users. Additional water will also be available from the Central Utah Bonneville Unit (Jordanelle Reservoir) beginning in 2005. The District will receive 16,000 acre/feet of Central Utah Project (CUP) water in fiscal year 2008. In fiscal year 2009, that number will plateau at 20,000 acre/feet.

The master plan improves redundancy in the event of a water treatment plant or aqueduct failure. Improvements include pipeline connections between the Little Cottonwood Water Treatment Plant, the Jordan Valley Water Treatment Plant, and the Point of the Mountain Water Treatment Plant. This will allow flexibilities in shifting water between major north-south pipelines.

The Council has traditionally received a briefing on the proposed budget for the Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake & Sandy, but is not required to take any official action. Verbal feedback can be provided to representatives of the District at the briefing. The Council has on occasion also provided written comments to the Salt Lake City-appointed board members, of which there are five on the seven member board. Utah Code Annotated, §17A-1-502, provides that constituent entities of a special district can request a meeting with representatives of a district to discuss the budget. The law does not prevent the board of a special district from approving and implementing a budget over protests or objections of constituent entities.



Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake and Sandy Fiscal Year 2010 Budget

Executive Summary

Last Update: April 22, 2009

On April 20, 2009 the Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake & Sandy Board of Trustees tentatively accepted the enclosed budget for fiscal year 2010.

The Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake & Sandy (District) overall fiscal year 2010 budget is \$29,285,895 or an increase of 2.45% from last year. One item that can be lost in reviewing the 2.45% increase is the fact that virtually the entire increase can be attributed to two items: interest expense and chemical costs. The chemical cost increase is a result of having the new Point of the Mountain Water Treatment Plant online, large price increases from vendors, and an increase in water production.

The increase related to the interest rate expense is deceiving. At the end of the fiscal year 2009, approximately \$29 million of the District's \$262 million in outstanding debt was converted to true-variable rate debt. Included in the budget is an assumption that the variable interest rate will be 3.6% for the entire fiscal year. The current interest rate on the variable rate debt is .57%. The District's Board of Trustees has determined that the savings achieved from the true variable rate debt shall be allocated to the interest rate mitigation fund to cover any high interest rate costs which may occur in the future. By removing the increases in the budget due to interest expense and chemical expense, the overall budget has increased from last year by only \$118,000.

In fiscal year 2009, the District increased the O&M Department by one full-time equivalent (FTE) because of the anticipated retirement (in July 2009) of one of the District's more experienced operators. Past experience has shown that it takes approximately one year for an operator to become proficient with operating District facilities. The additional operator was hired in September 2008. In FY 2010, with the retirement of the experienced operator, the District's total FTEs will return to 69.

The current budget anticipates a 13% increase in medical insurance premiums and a 2% increase in dental premiums. Since any increases to the premiums will not occur until January 1, 2010, the budget reflects this increase for only half of the 2010 fiscal year. The budget reflects the projected contribution rate to the Utah Retirement System (URS) to increase from 11.62% to 11.66%. The budget also reflects the proposed 1.5% salary increase for District employees.

Staff has spent a considerable amount of time determining the future revenues and expenses of the District. Last fiscal year the District's Board of Trustees raised the certified tax rate to .00035 for both Salt Lake City and Sandy City, with the assumption

that each year the District would maintain the tax rate at .00035. This year the Board will continue to maintain the .00035 tax rate. This will require a public hearing in August. The 12-year average property valuation increase for Salt Lake City is 6.12% and 6.85% for Sandy City; however, the fiscal year 2010 budget assumes a 2% property valuation increase due to current economic conditions. The final property tax valuations will be released in June.

Part of the on-going process with the District's Board and staff is to determine what tax rate is needed to help fund the long term needs of the District. In the past the District has relied heavily on water rates or capital assessments to fund increased operating costs and the implementation of the Metro Water Project. Water rates and capital assessments that are charged by the District to the member cities (Salt Lake City and Sandy City) are paid for from water usage rates paid by the cities' customers. Rather than continue to strain the water fund budgets of the two citics, the District feels that it is appropriate to seek additional revenues from property taxes. This will help restore the historical balance between operating costs and property tax revenues.

Current operating revenues assume the sale of 48,000 acre feet (AF) of water to Salt Lake City and 18,000 (AF) of water to Sandy City. In addition there is expected to be approximately 4,700 AF of raw and treated water sales to non-member cities. The District is currently working with its member cities to implement a "peak rate" and a "non-peak rate" fee schedule. In addition, the District would begin charging a \$13 conveyance fee on all water which travels through its distribution system. In FY 2009, member cities were charged \$200 an AF, regardless of when the water was purchased. Under the proposed plan, during non-peak months (Oct-June), the rate charged would be \$113 per AF, and peak month purchases (July-Sept) would be charged \$313 per AF (this rate does include the conveyance charge). With the proposed changes, the difference would be revenue neutral to the District, but would allow the District's customers to rely less on their wells (and thus maintain a healthy aquifer system) by purchasing additional water from the District during "wet" years. This proposal is still in the working stages, and discussions continue between the District and its member cities.

I encourage you to carefully review the attached information. As always, I am prepared to review and respond to any questions you may have.

Sincerely,

Joshua DeBry

Controller

FISCAL YEAR 2010 BUDGET SCHEDULE-(Assumes a Tax Rate Increase)

Last Updated: April 16, 2009

February 12 – Engineering Committee Meeting (discussion related to Capital Expenditures)

February 12 – Deadline for rough budget numbers to be submitted to the Controller

February 23 - Controller to return updated budgets to GM/Managers

February 23 – (Week of) Management Staff to discuss completed budget

February 27 - Controller to distribute budgets to Finance Committee & Managers

March 4 - Finance Committee & Management Advisory Committee Meetings

March 16 - Board Meeting, work session to discuss 2010 Budget

April 2 – Finance Committee Meeting - (P&P 3-629-1 "On or before the first regularly scheduled meeting of the Board in May, the Controller shall consult with the Finance Committee and prepare a tentative operating and capital budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The tentative budget shall include projected receipts, and operations and maintenance account, capital improvements accounts and reserve accounts.").

April 13 - Engineering Committee Meeting

April 20 - Board Meeting-adoption of the tentative budget

April 28 – Presentation of the budget to the Salt Lake City Council

May 4 – First publication of notice of the budget hearing (black border notice "at least 7 days prior to the hearing" (P&P 3-629-3)).

May 11 - Deadline for publishing 2nd notice of budget hearing (2nd notice is required for anticipated tax increase).

See Utah Code Ann. 59-2-918 and 919

May 18 - Board Meeting - Public Hearing held at 6:00 P.M

May 19 - Presentation of the budget to the Sandy City Council

June 11 - Finance Committee & Management Advisory Committee Meetings

June 22 – Board Meeting - Budget adoption-subject to Certified Tax Rate Public Hearing

➤ Utah Code Ann: 59-2-924 5a "On or before June 22, each taxing entity shall annually

adopt a tentative budget."

July 27 - First publication of notice of the budget

August 3 - Deadline for publishing 2nd notice of budget hearing

August 10 – Board Meeting/Certified Tax Rate Public Hearing – Consider final adoption of FY 2010 Budget (date subject to change)

September 9 – Deadline for submitting copy of the final budget to the State Auditor (required within 30 days of budget adoption- P&P 3-629-7)

. 2009-2010 TENTA	TIVE BUDGET		- North Control of the Control of th		+
REVENUE PROJECTIONS-AS	SUMING .0003	35 TAX RATE			
Last Update; A	pril 16, 2009	-	1		-
······································	2008-09	Actuals	Estimated	2009-10	
	Adopted	as of	Actuals	Tentative	
	Budget	1/31/2009	6/30/2009	Budget	
EVENUES		10 10 10 Rec			
Operating Revenues Water Sales	-				-
Salt Lake City (48,000 AF)	50 200 000	66 275 254	E0 E34 334	E0 550 00	
20,640 AF @ \$313.00/a.f. (Peak Rate + Conveyance Fee)	\$9,200,000	\$6,375,251	\$9,521,224	\$9,552,00	<u> </u>
27,360 @ \$113.00/a.f. (Non-Peak Rate + Conveyance Fee)					+-
27,000 (S 4710,000a.i. (Noir) can hate . Conveyance . Co.	1				-
Sandy City (18,000 AF)	\$3,388,000	\$2,801,992	\$4,171,741	\$3,582,000	0
7,740 AF @ \$313.00/a.f. (Peak Rate + Conveyance Fee)		1		1	
10,260 @ \$113.00/a.f. (Non-Peak Rate + Conveyance Fee)		W W	9		
Jordanelle Special Service District (JSSD)		** N			
3,890 a.f. @ \$200.00/a.f.	\$703,200	\$703,200	\$703,200	\$778,000)
	88				3
Other Sales					1-
Raw Water Sales (1,200 AF @ \$71/a.f.) Non Member Cities Water Supply to be Treated (3,500 AF)	\$42,362	\$40,301	\$56,282		
1,505 AF @ \$313.00/a.f. (Peak Rate + Conveyance Fee)				\$696,500	4
1,995 AF@ \$113.00/a.f. (Non-Peak Rate + Conveyance Fee)					
The state of the s					160
Total Operating Revenues	\$13,333,562	\$9,920,744	\$14,452,447	\$14,693,700	
	v.		11 11 11	7 6	
Other Revenues					
Tax Revenues *	ii .				
Salt Lake City	\$6,301,115	\$5,696,072	\$6,363,288	\$6,427,137	201
Sandy City	\$2,152,168	\$1,974,060	\$2,205,293	\$2,195,212	
Fees in Lieu of Taxes	\$557,890	\$360,887	\$519,073	\$541,398	
Prior Years' Tax Revenue	\$139,153	\$63,369	\$117,223	\$189,061	
Judgment Levies	\$36,006	\$33,403	\$36;006	\$0	
Interest Laboratory Fees	\$881,090	\$465,736	\$659,793	\$1,092,549	
Vehicle Sales (2)	\$300 \$0	\$268 \$0	\$324 \$0	\$400	
Cell Phone Tower at Terminal Reservoir	\$9,000		\$9,000	\$18,000	
Miscellaneous Revenue (Includes Encroachment Fees)	\$13,000	\$17,442	\$18,000	\$9,000 \$10,000	100
Capital Assessments	410,000	W11,112	ψ10,000	. Ψ10,000	
Salt Lake City	\$7,021,892	\$4,681,261	\$7,021,892	\$7,021,892	
Sandy City	\$4,210,322	\$2,806,881	\$4,210,322	\$4,210,322	
Sandy City Ontario Drain Tunnel Assessment (before credit)	\$7,84,566	\$441,566	\$734,566	\$833,031	••
Less: JSSD Revenue (see above)	(\$703,200)	(\$703,200)	(\$703,200)	(\$778,000)	**:
Net Sandy City Ontario Drain Tunnel Assessment	\$31,366	(\$261,634)	\$31,366	\$55,031	
Homeland Security Grant	\$16,913	\$12,166	\$12,166	\$0	
Little Dell	\$51,744	\$0	\$0	\$51,744	
Total Other Revenues	\$21,421,960	\$15,849,912	\$21,203,746	\$21,821,745	
Total Revenue	\$34,755,522	\$25,770,656	\$35,656,193	\$36,515,445	
, Juli Novellue	ψυ-4,1 υυ,υΖΖ	Ψ20,110,000	400,000,193	φυυ,υ 10,445	
umes a simple 2% increase in property valuations while maintaining the .	00035 tax rate				
assessment from the Jordanelle Special Service District will reduce San	dy City's assessm	ent by \$778,000.			

		MW	DSLS 2009 Prope	rty T	ax Valuations		
			Last Updated: 2/27/2009				
			Salt Lake City		Sandy City		
		2009 Valuation	\$ 18,003,184,897.00		6,149,051,899.00		
		Projected Growth Rate	2.00%		2.00%		
		2010 Projected Valuation	\$ 18,363,248,594.94	\$	6,272,032,936.98		
				-			
		Fig	scal Year 2009 Project	ed Tax	98		
		Salt Lake City Taxes	Sandy City Taxes	I	Total Taxes		
		\$ 6,427,137.01	\$ 2,195,211.53	\$	8,622,348.54		
			3			7-	
			Projected Tax Income	by Tax	x Rate		
	Rate	Salt Lake City Taxes	Sandy City Taxes		Total Taxes	Net Increase/Decrease	
	0.0003		\$ 1,881,609.88		7,390,584.46		
	0.000325		\$ 2,038,410.70		8,006,466.50	\$ 615,882.04	
	0.00035		\$ 2,195,211.53		8,622,348.54		
	0.000375		\$ 2,352,012.35		9,238,230.57		
	0.0004		\$ 2,508,813.17		9,854,112.61		
	0.000425		\$ 2,665,614.00		10,469,994.65		
	0.00045		\$ 2,822,414.82		11,085,876.69		
	0.000475		\$ 2,979,215.65		11,701,758.73		
	0,0005	\$ 9,181,624.30	\$ 3,136,016.47	\$	12,317,640.77	\$ 615,882.04	
	ļi			-			
			1	-			
-						- 1-1-1 HELLON III.	
		Salt Lake City		+		Sandy City	
Year	Property Valuation	Percent Growth	12-year Average		Property Valuation	Percent Growth	12-year Average
2008	\$ 18,003,184,897	6.30%	6.12%	6 \$	6,149,051,899	7.46%	6.85%
2007	\$ 16,935,565,096	16.92%	6.10%		5,722,214,282	15.47%	6.79%
2006	\$ 14,485,331,586	9.44%	5.02%		4,955,516,707	12.12%	5.92%
2005	\$ 13,235,629,898		4.53%	6 \$	4,419,874,224	4.87%	5.24%
2004	\$ 12,970,597,514		4.84%		4,214,611,824	3.54%	5.28%
2003	\$ 12,526,602,496	-4.31%			4,070,329,544	5.73%	
2002	\$ 13,090,776,297		6.58%		3,849,900,698	1.92%	5.50%
2001	\$ 12,942,124,847		7.67%		3,777,390,241	5.42%	6.21%
2000	\$ 12,119,961,664		7.89%		3,583,293,745	6.19%	6.41%
1999	\$ 12,039,928,215		10.30%		3,374,556,542		
1998	\$ 10,525,919,105		8.25%		3,208,679,060		7.14%
1997 1996	\$ 9,883,793,998 \$ 8,984,605,953		10.019		3,115,638,226		11.30%
1990	\$ 8,984,605,953			\$.	2,799,359,469		

		MW	DSLS 2009 Prope	erty '	Tax Valuations		
******			Last Updated: 2/27/2009				
			0.11.1.01				
		2009 Valuation	Salt Lake City		Sandy City		
		Projected Growth Rate	\$ 18,003,184,897.00		6,149,051,899.00		
		2010 Projected Valuation	6.12% \$ 19,104,979,812.70	0	6.85%		
		2010110jected Valuation	φ 19,104,979,012.70	\$	6,570,261,954.08		
				-			
		Fi	scal Year 2009 Project	ed Ta			10 000000000000000000000000000000000000
		Salt Lake City Taxes	Sandy City Taxes		Total Taxes		
		\$ 6,686,742.93	\$ 2,299,591.68	\$	8,986,334.62		
			Projected Tax Income	bu Te	ny Dota		
	Rate	Salt Lake City Taxes	Sandy City Taxes	by 12	Total Taxes		
	0.0003	\$ 5,731,493.94	\$ 1,971,078.59	\$	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	Net Increase/Decrease	
	0.000325	\$ 6,209,118.44	\$ 2,135,335.14		7,702,572.53		
	0.00035			\$	8,344,453.57		
	0.000375				8,986,334.62		
	0.0004				9,628,215.66 10,270,096.71		
	0.000425				10,270,096.71		
	0.00045				11,553,858.80	\$ 641,881.04 \$ 641,881.04	
	0.000475	\$ 9,074,865.41	\$ 3,120,874.43		12,195,739.84	\$ 641,881.04	
	0.0005	\$ 9,552,489.91	\$ 3,285,130.98		12,837,620.88		
						541,001.04	
				_			
				-			
		Salt Lake City		1		Sandy City	
Year	Property Valuation	Percent Growth	12-year Average		Property Valuation	Percent Growth	12 year Average
2008	\$ 18,003,184,897	6.30%	6.12%	\$	6,149,051,899	7.46%	12-year Average 6.85%
2007	\$ 16,935,565,096	16.92%	6.10%	6 \$	5,722,214,282	15.47%	6.79%
2006 2005	\$ 14,485,331,586	9.44%			4,955,516,707	12.12%	5.92%
2005	\$ 13,235,629,898	2.04%		_	4,419,874,224	4.87%	5.24%
2004	\$ 12,970,597,514 \$ 12,526,602,496				4,214,611,824	3.54%	5.28%
2003		-4.31%			4,070,329,544	5.73%	5.53%
2002	\$ 13,090,776,297 \$ 12,942,124,847	, 1.15%			3,849,900,698	1.92%	5.50%
2000	\$ 12,119,961,664	6.78%			3,777,390,241	5.42%	6.21%
1999	\$ 12,039,928,215		7,007		3,583,293,745	6.19%	6.41%
1998	\$ 10,525,919,105	14.38%			3,374,556,542	5.17%	6.48%
1997	\$ 9,883,793,998	10.01%			3,208,679,060	2.99%	7.14%
1996	\$ 8,984,605,953	10,01%	10.019	\$ \$	3,115,638,226	11.30%	11.30%
	2,000,000			φ	2,799,359,469		

Expenses

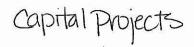
Notes to Total District Last Update: April 16, 2009

- 1. Account 5110 (Salary and Wage Exp.): The increase in this account reflects the proposed 1.5% salary increase.
- 2. Account 5120 (Overtime): The budget numbers for overtime are reflective of the actual overtime which has occurred over the last three years.
- 3. Account 5190 (On Call Pay): This represents 3 on-call employees at \$15 a day for the entire fiscal year.
- 4. Account 5310 (Retirement Plan): The District will match each employee's contributions to their 401(k), IRA, and 457 plans 50 cents on the dollar up to 3 percent of the employee's wages. The 3 percent match contribution, regardless of what plan the employee contributes to, will be made into the employee's 401(k) account. The budget assumes all employees take advantage of the entire 3 percent match. In addition, initial reports from the Utah Retirement System (URS) indicate the employer contribution rate will increase from 11.62% to 11.66%. The budget reflects this increase.
- 5. Account 5320 (Medical Insurance Premiums): The proposed budget anticipates a 13% increase in medical insurance premiums and a 2% increase in dental insurance premiums. Since any increases to the premiums will not occur until January 1, 2010, the budget reflects these increases for only half of the 2010 fiscal year. Metro's plan will be re-evaluated by our health care provider at year-end to determine the actual increase in calendar year 2010. The HSA (Health Savings Account) contribution limits for a family increased from \$5,800 in calendar year 2008 to \$5,950 in calendar year 2009. The contribution limits for a single individual increased from \$2,900 to \$3,000. The budget reflects a 6 month projected increase of 2.97% (3 year average) for the H.S.A. contribution.
- 6. Account 5350 (Insurance Premiums): This account includes the cost for basic life insurance, accidental death and dismemberment (AD&D) insurance, long term care, and all administrative fees associated with the HSA program.
- 7. Account 5840 (Chemicals): The large increase in chemical costs can be attributable to a new treatment plant, large price increases (inflation) related to chemical costs, and increased production of treated water. The O&M staff recently conducted a major audit of chemical purchasing to identify any additional cost savings opportunities.

1 11

- 8. Account 5901 (General Insurance): All numbers are based upon estimates received from Moreton & Company. The existing insurance limits were reviewed by Moreton & Company and the Finance Committee during the April Board Meeting.
- 9. Account 5910 (Interest Expense): The existing debt payments reflect the new liquidity provider costs for both the B-3 and B-5 (previously A-4 and A-8) outstanding debt. The B-5 debt assumes a 3.6% true variable rate for the life of the loans. If the interest rate were to fall below that level, the savings achieved from the true variable rate debt shall be allocated to the interest rate mitigation fund to cover any high interest rate costs which may occur in the future.

				r District of Salt L scal Year 2010	anc & Dailuy		
		p 38		AL DISTRICT date: April 16, 200	9		
Accou	itl Description	3-Year (FY/2006- 2008):Average	The second	Actual January 31	Projected Expense	Budget EV 9010	%Increase/(Decrease from FY (09)budget
5110	Salary & Wage Exp.	2,792,99			El Walter and the Company of the Com		
120	Overtime Premium	90,94	0 83,67				
130	Vacation	71,55	2 14,63	4	6,09	98 14.68	
131	Sick Leave	34,38	6 23,99	2	23.99	28.14	
160	Vehicle Allowance	3,04	1 1,45	5	73	15	-100,0
170	On Call Pav	7,700	6 16,42	5 8,711	16,42	16.42	0,0
190	Other .	5,683			22,00	29.300	-54.2
210	Payroll Taxes Salaries and Wages	231,300					
310	Retirement Plan	435,861	7				
320	Medical Insurance Premiums	728,574					4.1
330	Tuition Aid Program	3,875					3,2
350	Insurance Premiums	36.248					-54.4 3.2
	Employee Benefits - 2: 45				40,18 44,978 (4,978) 650	1,443,620	
340	Meetings & Seminars	48.769			67,40	7 . 49,271	-16,8
	Employee Training			12,924	67,40	49)271	上世 生 15.83
410	Business Travel	50,143		41,775	96.19		-35,2
430	Vehicle O & M	41,240	46,767	34.298	64.13		
510	Legal	240,591	225,000				######################################
520	Accounting	16,365	19,800	15,480	372.52 17.00		-3.71
30	Contract Services	1,313,639	1,795,405	The second second	1.782,494		-1.52
540	Other	34,247	68,000	15,331	73:120		-3.83 -43.16
	Professional Services				2,245,141		-43.16
610	- Telephone	48,402	37,907	17,752	36,670	36,779	-2.98
520	Electricity	514,397	1,097,160	1,120,053	1,695,188	1,138,496	3.77
530	Natural Gas	312,722	367,584	128,706	374,839	350,232	-4.72
40	Radio Communications	10,692	23,560	3,835	27,070		-32.26
50	Water Dullities	6,715	28,368	14,978	25,322 12,1591094		-30.15 0 - 10.43
10	Bidgs & Grounds	44,939	250,982	122,963	284,077	250,982	7.75
20	Machinery & Equipment	181,594	, 277,673	67.087	283,967	249,332	-10.21
	Repairs and Maintenance "			1.90,050	568,048		-10.21 The Profit Add 15.385
10	General Supplies	21,761	27,121	14,104	29,480	28,338	4,49
20	Office Supplies	24,232	12,000	7,140	17,958	13,200	10.00
30	Materials	117,615	197,771	- 68,099	176,547	173,341	-12.35
40	Chemicals	1,105,764	1,276,949	953,604	1,510,908	1,513,256	18,519
50 (5) White	Computer & Instr. Supplies Chemicals/and Supplies	110,565	117,778	48,964	136,451	105,290	-10.60 12.375
0)	General Insurance	318,134	499,090	310,116	518,505	502.246	0,63
2	PRWUA/CUP Assessments	3.224.475	F 4,475,200	1,465,375	4,431,985	4,668,317	4,32
13	Water Stock Assessment	4,701	4,091	226	4.317	25,305	518.55
14	Rent Exp.	34	2,300		2.300		0.005
5	Miscellaneous	98,759	44,140	18,206	54.673	40,935	-7,269
6	Postage & Freight Exp.	2,701	5,036	2,476	5.837	6,400	27.089
7	Contributions & Events	117,269	185,553	125,681	166,737	163.300	-11,999
0	Interest Exp.	11,361,030	⇒ . 11,848,763	6,952,988	11,848,763	4 12.194.877	2.929
1	Laundry	7.082	8,119	4,548	- 10,630	12,681	56.199
3	Safety	33,407	41,879	10,403	34,179	40,600	-3.055
4 .	Subscriptions & Publications	6.302	6,199	2,059	5,394	3,606	-41.835
5 .	Outside Printing	444	500	901	1,401	600	20,009
6	Dues & Memberships Other Expenses (1987)	59,305	51,287	35,851	59,773	51,647	0.70%
	·····································	DATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10.	CONTRACTOR OF STREET PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON OF	THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	THE REPORT OF THE PERSON OF TH	British to the first the first than "I work to be seen and the seed



METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT OF SALT LAKE & SANDY FY 2010 Capital Budget

Last Updated: 4/16/2009

CAPACITY IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS					
Aquifer Storage & Recovery (ASR) Implementation		\$	500,000		
OCIP - Outstanding Claims		\$	200,000		
	Subtotal			\$	700,000
	Bubiblai			Ψ	700,000
NON-CAPACITY IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS	•				
LCWTP - Solids Handling	3	\$	800,000		
Terminal Reservoir-Replacement		\$	758,080		
LCWTP - Post Treatment Chemical Building		\$	575,000		
LCWTP - UPS Replacement		\$	32,000		
LCWTP Site Support		\$	100,000		
Salt Lake Aqueduct (SLA) Improvements		\$	155,000		
JNPS-Installation of Transformer/Design of Utah Lake Pump	Station	\$	350,000		
Fleet	57.0	\$	50,000		
Incubator		\$	15,000	2	
Ultraviolet (UV) Instrument		\$	7,500		
IS/SCADA Replacement	k.:	\$	162,000		
Little Dell Dam Improvements		\$	261,000		
Land acquisition fund		\$	2,500,000	1	40
		8.		2	3 .
	Subtotal			\$	5,765,580
					*
Jordan Aqueduct System Capital Projects				\$	1,426,531
Jordan Aqueduct System Capital Projects				Φ	1,420,331
			2(4)7		
CONTINGENCY	•				
			,	\$	789,000
10% Project Contingency				Φ	789,000
OTAL				æ	8,681,111
OTAL				Ф.	6,061,111

MWDSLS Bond Coverage Fiscal Year 2010

· ·		rinciple Balance 7/1/2009	Interest/L	FY '10 iquidity/Remarketing Expense	F	Y '10 Principle Due	FY '10 Principle, Interest, & Remarketing Fee		
Fixed Rate Portion				-	-1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2002B	\$	15,635,000.00	\$	783,826.00	\$	830,000.00	\$	1,613,826.00	
2003A	\$	5,595,000.00	\$	268,456.00	\$	455,000.00	\$	723,456.00	
2004A	\$	34,390,000.00	\$	1,612,490.00	\$	1,815,000.00	\$	3,427,490.00	
2005A	\$	42,725,000.00	\$	2,046,914.00	\$	1,200,000.00	\$	3,246,914.00	
Synthetically Fixed	- E					200 1 P	+	* 4	
B-3	\$	135,200,000.00	\$	6,007,853.00	\$	200,000.00	\$	6,207,853.00	
True Variable Rate		-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,,							
B-5	\$	29,000,000.00	\$	1,454,338.10	\$)C	\$	1,454,338.10	
Totals	\$	262,545,000.00	\$	12,173,877.10	\$	4,500,000.00	\$	16,673,877.10	
	1				,			-	
	1								
Provo River Project Pmts.	 			*			\$	128,644.50	
TOTAL			2 4				\$	16,802,521.60	
	1				-		-		
Last Updated 4/16/2009			* .						

Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake and Sandy

Debt Service Coverage on Outstanding Bonds

ASSUMING .00035 TAX RATE

Last Update: April 16, 2009

Budgeted Revenues

\$36,515,445

Budgeted O & M Expenses

\$29,285,895

Less: Interest Expense

\$12,194,877

Adjusted O & M Expense

\$17,091,018

Funds Available for Debt Service Payments

\$19,424,427

Debt Service Payments

\$16,673,877

Coverage

1.16